

## **2022 ANNUAL REPORT**

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## **ABOUT US**

CHFA is a publicly accountable organization dedicated to increasing housing opportunities and affordability for the residents of Connecticut. Partnerships between public and private investors have enabled us to leverage our financial strength to lend more than \$500 million annually for affordable housing.

## **OUR VALUES**

- Devoted to Service
- Energized by Collaboration
- Committed to Opportunity
- Grounded in Communication
- Empowered by Ownership
- Stewarding Resources
- Driven by Community
- Committed to Innovation



## From the desk of Governor Ned Lamont:



Ned Lamont
Governor
State of Connecticut

As Governor of the State of Connecticut, I am proud to accept the 2022 Annual Report from the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority.

This past year was a year of diverse challenges as CHFA contended with the aftermath of a lingering pandemic.

In the face of this adversity, CHFA stood alongside a dedicated group of housing developers, lenders, and advocates and offered financial tools and support, providing opportunity and security for individuals and families across our state while meeting the most urgent housing needs of low- to moderate-income residents.

For over 50 years, CHFA has developed a positive reputation for creating and preserving affordable housing.

As we enter 2023, I fully support CHFA and its efforts to ensure that the state's commitment to housing remains stable and secure while pursuing new strategies to keep our residents safely housed.

## Letter from the Board Chairperson and the Executive Director:

We are pleased to present CHFA's 2022 Annual Report, highlighting our continued commitment to affordable housing and community development. Throughout the year, we successfully invested in both single-family mortgages and affordable housing developments, empowering thousands of Connecticut households to achieve homeownership or access much-needed affordable rental housing throughout the state.

Through our partnership with the CT Department of Housing, CHFA launched groundbreaking programs like the Time To Own forgivable down payment assistance program that enabled 675 first-time homebuyers realize the American Dream of homeownership. We also launched MyHomeCT, a federally funded program dedicated to preventing foreclosure and supporting at-risk homeowners, ensuring housing stability during challenging times. As of December 31, 2022, 1,921 homeowners had received assistance under MyHomeCT. In order to promote these programs as far and as wide as possible, we met or exceeded all goals related to outreach to stakeholders and communities most affected by housing hardships.

Furthermore, our commitment to financial literacy and consumer education remained strong. Despite the challenges posed by the pandemic, we successfully conducted numerous homebuyer education workshops, both in-person and virtually, with over 4,000 residents benefiting from these sessions.



Seila Mosquera-Bruno
Chair, CHFA Board of Directors
Commissioner, Department of Housing

resulting in faster turnaround times and increased productivity. For example, we exceeded our stretch goal of shortening the time it takes to close on multifamily loans (our stretch goal was 140 days; we achieved 139 days on average). We also exceeded our target goal for financing the rehab of multifamily units (our goal was 900 units; we financed 986 units). These improvements allowed us to fulfill our mission of creating sustainable and inclusive communities by providing affordable housing options to individuals and families. Operational enhancements also helped CHFA deliver 1,610 mortgages for first-time homebuyers, far exceeding our stretch goal of 1.500.

Operational enhancements in 2022 led to improved efficiency,



Nandini Natarajan CEO-Executive Director, CHFA

These accomplishments are a testament to our dedication to providing affordable housing options, empowering individuals, and families, and fostering sustainable communities throughout Connecticut. We are both immensely proud of the hard work of our staff and grateful for the partnerships that have contributed to this success. As we look ahead, we remain committed to our mission and excited about the opportunities to continue making a positive impact in the lives of those we serve.

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (as of 12/31/2022)

## Governor's Appointees, Board Position

Seila Mosquera-Bruno, Chairperson, Ex-Officio Director Heidi DeWyngaert, Vice Chairperson Lisa Tepper Bates, Director Jerrold H. Abrahams, Director Kiley A. Gosselin, Director

Franklin Edgar Perry II, Director

Timothy B. Hodges, Director

Catherine T. MacKinnon, Director

## Senate/House Appointees, Board Position

President Pro-Tempore of the Senate - Wendy Clarke, *Director*Speaker of the House - Cynthia Butts, *Director*Minority Leader of the House - Philip F. DeFronzo, *Director*Minority Leader of the Senate - Gregory F. Ugalde, *Director* 

### **Ex-Officio Members**

Vacant, Ex-Officio Director, Commissioner of Economic and Community Development

Alexandra Daum, Designee

**Jeffrey Beckham**, Ex-Officio Director, Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management

None, Designee

Jorge L. Perez, Ex-Officio Director, Banking Commissioner Matthew Smith, Designee

Erik Russell, Ex-Officio Director, State Treasurer Sarah Sanders, Designee

## **KEY HIGHLIGHTS**

We are pleased to present the Annual Report for the year 2022, outlining the achievements, challenges, and talent of our organization. This report provides an overview of our performance in various areas including bond issuances, operations, sustainability, and innovation.

## **BOND ISSUANCES**

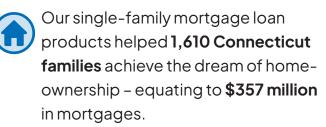
In 2022, CHFA's 2022 bond issuances totaled \$700 million. CHFA raised \$350 million of lendable proceeds to fund single-family mortgages and \$140.4 million to support affordable housing developments1. In 2023, CHFA projects an estimated total issuance of \$725 million.

<sup>1</sup>Excluding refunding



## **OPERATIONS**

We continued to enhance our operational skills in 2022. Optimizing processes and streamlining workflows resulted in higher productivity and faster turn-around times.





Over \$10 million in Housing Tax Credits were awarded to 23 projects to develop 1,048 affordable rental units.



## **RIBBON CUTTINGS + GROUND BREAKINGS**

Several celebrations served as ceremonial milestones in 2022 that included:





SIX GROUNDBREAKINGS IN FIVE COMMUNITIES



340+ Dixwell, New Haven 69 family apartments



Clover Gardens, Hartford 32 family apartments



Bayonet St Apartments, New London 28 family apartments



Armstrong Court, Greenwich 42 family apartments



Parkside Village, Branford 67 elderly apartments



Bristol Homes, Bristol Single family homes



Woodland Springs, Stafford Springs 79 elderly apartments



Riverfront, Torrington 60 family apartments



Gosinski Park, Terryville 30 elderly apartments



The Windward, Bridgeport 54 family apartments



260 West Hazel St, New Haven Future 2-family home



Mill River Crossing, New Haven 66 family apartments



### **FOUR OPEN HOUSES IN THREE COMMUNITIES**



Indian Field Apartments, New Milford 40 family apartments



Victory Gardens, Newington 74 family apartments



The Eleanor + The Franklin, Bridgeport 62 and 48 elderly apartments respectively

## SINGLE FAMILY HOMEOWNERSHIP

In a year highlighted by record-high sales prices and fast-moving inventory, CHFA worked hard to serve the diverse needs of 1,610 homebuyers by offering a range of resources to support them in achieving their goal of homeownership. 1,559 received a loan through our Regular Homebuyer Mortgage Program while the remaining 51 used one of our specialized programs identified below.

## HOMEBUYER MORTGAGE PROGRAM LOANS



### Teachers Mortgage Assistance Program

\$235,425 average loan amount

**\$80,880** – average household income



## Home of Your Own (HOYO) Program

\$201,988 - average loan amount

**\$69,653** – average household income



### Military Mortgage Program

**\$254,083** - average loan amount

**\$89,182** – average household income



## Mobile/Manufactured Home Loan Program

\$79,500 - average loan amount

**\$82,930** – average household income



## FHA 203(k) Renovation Mortgage Program

\$227,302 - average loan amount

**\$78,740** – average household income



### Mobile/Manufactured Home Refinance Program

\$55,667 - average loan amount

**\$59,134** – average household income

## **HOMEOWNER TESTIMONIALS**



#### Brittiany Mabery-Niblack

I called my realtor and asked, How come I cannot get one of these brandnew homes that are being built?
He responded, Who said you couldn't?
That sparked something, because who said I couldn't?



#### Heidi Colon-Rosa

I purchased a home because I wanted grass for my kids, a yard where they can run and a street where they can ride their bicycles. Growing up in a city where I grew up, it wasn't such a great neighborhood.



#### **Fiona Williams**

I wanted to purchase my home because I wanted a comfortable space for myself and my kids. At the time I was paying so much for rent I figured why not own?

## **DOWN PAYMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS**

## **Down Payment Assistance Program (DAP)**

**1,242 new home buyers** used a DAP mortgage product to secure the funds for their new home across **116 communities**.



As of the end of 2022, **675 families** attained the dream of homeownership using the TTO program. There were **926 reservations** across **118 communities**. Forty-nine percent of all TTO reservations are from people of color.



### June 13, 2022

Governor Lamont
announces Time To Own
Program with initial
\$20 million investment

### **December 8, 2022**

Time To Own receives an additional \$20 million in funding from the Bond Commission, bringing total program funding to \$40 million

### December 31, 2022

CHFA has received 926 Time To Own reservations totaling \$28.5 million

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## FINANCIAL LITERACY AND CONSUMER EDUCATION

CHFA believes that quality homebuyer counseling and education are essential to successful homeownership. Educational workshops empower individuals to make sound financial decisions, helping them to create budgets, manage their expenses, save for emergencies, plan, and move confidently through the home-buying process.

Despite the residual effects of the pandemic, CHFA's homebuyer education workshops remained popular, with more than 4,000 residents attending either an in-person or virtual workshop in 2022.

1,941

Pre-Purchase Homebuyer Education 19

Pre-Closing Homebuyer Education 409
Financial Fitness Education

146

Landlord Education Workshops

1,491

On-Line (Finally Home)
Homebuyer Education

25

Foreclosure Prevention/ Rental Workshop

During the 2022 calendar year, CHFA's Board of Directors allocated \$730,000 for pre-purchase counseling. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) awarded CHFA a \$206,955 Comprehensive Housing Counseling Grant to support counseling service efforts.

## SUSTAINING HOMEOWNERSHIP

## **MyHomeCT Program**

The MyHomeCT program aims to alleviate mortgage delinquencies and defaults and prevent foreclosures among homeowners due to the COVID-19 pandemic. In 2022, we assisted 1,921 struggling homeowners, and the program disbursed \$31.4 million in funds to 90 percent of Connecticut's 169 towns.



Through Q1, 2023, Connecticut was one of 15 states that have disbursed over 55% of the \$123 million in funds allocated for the program.

## **MULTIFAMILY RENTAL HOUSING**

Since 1969, developers have sought the expertise and extensive experience of CHFA in navigating transactions involving multifamily properties. Numerous projects supported by CHFA include a blend of CHFA mortgage funding (derived from taxable and tax-exempt bonds as well as other special financing) and privately sourced financing.

Additionally, developers leverage private capital from both **9 percent** and **4 percent** Federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTCs) along with the State Housing Tax Credit Contribution (HTCC) Program.

## TAX CREDIT PROGRAMS

Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (both the four percent and nine percent variants) harness public, private, and alternate funds to cultivate rental homes linked with affordability requirements. Four percent credits are awarded without competition, while the allocation of nine percent credits follows a competitive selection procedure. CHFA is the designated authority for Connecticut's Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) program. Federal 9% Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) were awarded to the following developments in 2022.



Veterans Terrace III
East Hartford



West Hartford Fellowship Housing West Hartford



Cedar Point II
Newington



Village at Park River, Phase V Hartford



Wellington at Madison Madison



Crescent Crossings 1C Bridgeport



State and Chapel New Haven

<sup>1</sup> Not pictured: Oak Woods Apartments, Plymouth

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Department of the Treasury: HAF Q12023 Quarterly Report (Excludes administrative fees)

## The following table highlights developments that were approved for support by CHFA multifamily programs and products as well as those that reached initial closing.

Development	Town	Units	Housing Type	Purpose	4% LIHTCs Equity Proceeds	9% LIHTCs Equity Proceeds	CHFA Taxable Bond Funds	Tax-Exempt Bond Funds (construction)	Tax-Exempt Bond Funds (permanent)	Housing Tax Credit Contribution (HTCC)	Opportunity Fund and Investment Trust Account (ITA) Fund	CHFA Affordable Housing Fund (AHF)	CHFA Capital Magnet Fund
340+ Dixwell*	New Haven	69	Family	New Construction		14,683,696							
Antillean Manor*	New Haven	31	Family	New Construction	6,736,802			8,884,500	2,215,500				500,000
Armstrong Court*	Greenwich	42	Family	Rehabilitation		10,613,987	4,650,000			500,000			
Avery Park Revitalization (aka Woodland Springs II)*	Stafford Springs	79	Elderly	New Construction	7,306,749			7,557,000	4,043,000				
Bayonet Street Apartments, Phase I*	New London	28	Family	New Construction	3,403,820			5,800,000					
Brookside Commons*	Waterford	40	Family	New Construction		8,100,729	1,935,000 (perm.) 7,265,000 (const.)				1,000,000		
Cedar Pointe *	Newington	72	Family	New Construction		18,831,575							
Cedar Pointe II	Newington	36	Family	New Construction		7,205,017	2,390,000				951,000		
Clifford House*	Bridgeport	101	Elderly	Rehabilitation	10,099,376				13,050,000				200,000
Coleman Towers*	Stamford	132	Family	Rehabilitation	14,007,257		5,470,000		22,600,000				
Crescent Crossings, Phase 1C	Bridgeport	85	Family	New Construction		18,042,281							
Deming Ridge*	Berlin	88	Family	New Construction	2,681,477				14,625,000				
Hill Central Phase I	New Haven	64	Family	Rehabilitation		14,816,249	12,500,000						1,000,000
Lascana Homes	Orange	46	Family	New Construction		9,936,147					1,000,000		
Lawnhill Terrace IV*#	Stamford	34	Family	New Construction	5,854,992								
Murray on Main*	Willimantic	16	Family	New Construction	4,617,036			4,725,000		373,321			
New Kensington Square II*	New Haven	96	Family	New Construction	11,772,033			10,016,000	3,398,000			1,200,000	
Oak Woods Apartments	Plymouth	59	Family	New Construction		12,711,320	2,209,920				1,000,000		
Parkside Viillage I*	Branford	67	Elderly	New Construction		16,866,000							
Shiloh Gardens	Stratford	60	Elderly	Rehabilitation			1,850,000				100,000		
State + Chapel	New Haven	76	Family	New Construction		17,100,019							
Summerfield Townhouses*#	East Hartford	394	Family	Rehabilitation	37,213,150								
Valley Townhouses*	New Haven	40	Family	New Construction		8,735,000	6,200,000			500,000	4,374,000		
Veterans Terrace II*	East Hartford	54	Family	New Construction		10,729,364							
Veterans Terrace III	East Hartford	51	Family	New Construction		13,200,685							
Village at Park River (aka Westbrook Village IV)*	Hartford	60	Family	New Construction		11,846,250				500,000		1,590,000	
Village at Park River V	Hartford	58	Family	New Construction		12,970,703	3,400,000				1,000,000		
Wellington at Madison	Madison	31	Family	New Construction		5,268,644							
West Hartford Fellowship I	West Hartford	65	Family	Rehabilitation		16,873,542	11,700,000 (const.) 1,900,000 (perm.)						
Woodland Hills*	Torrington	176	Family	Rehabilitation	12,613,222				23,500,000				
			•										

Notes:

Some of these developments received 9% tax credits in a previous year

<sup>\*</sup> Developments that reached initial close in 2022

<sup>\*</sup>CHFA did not issue bonds for these developments

## Housing Tax Credit Contribution (HTCC) Program

CHFA issues tax credit vouchers to business firms making cash contributions to qualified non-profits that develop affordable housing. The Housing Tax Credit Contribution (HTCC) program supports CHFA's mission of providing residents with affordable housing while promoting lasting relationships between non-profit developers and the business community.

The following 23 developments, fostering 1,048 rental units, were awarded HTCC program funds totaling \$10,169,897 in 2022:

 $\textbf{New Haven Affordable Homeownership Development Project, New Haven} - 10 \ units \ of family housing} \ - \$500,000$ 

Bristol Homes Phase 2, Bristol - 3 units of family housing - \$261,800

Capital for Change Loan Pool, various locations - family housing - \$500,000

The Towers at Tower Lane, New Haven - 328 units of elderly housing - \$500,000

33 Ocean Avenue, New London - 3 units of family housing - \$350,000

Crescent Crossing 1C, Bridgeport - 85 units of family housing - \$500,000

Hartford Community Loan Fund, various locations - family housing - \$500,000

Wellington at Madison, Madison - 31 units of family housing - \$500,000

HFHNCC Rainbow Road, Windsor - 4 units of family housing - \$499,171

Mystic River Homes - The Cottages, Noank (Groton) - 46 units of elderly housing - \$420,000

Brookside Commons aka Pequot Apartments, Waterford - 40 units of family housing - \$500,000

Community of Hope Expansion Project, Groton - 12 Single Room Occupancy (SRO) units - \$151,005

Multi-Family Rehab Project, Norwich - 67 units of family housing - \$500,000

Sherman Avenue Rehab Initiative - 2022, New Haven - 7 units of family housing - \$500,000

Habitat for Affordable Homeownership 2022, Bridgeport - 2 units of family housing - \$200,000

ECC Group II ARAD 9%, New Haven - 40 units of family housing - \$500,000

South End Homeownership Initiative, Bridgeport - 8 units of family housing - \$500,000

Village at Park River IV, Hartford - 60 units of family housing - \$500,000

164-166 Bartholomew Avenue, Hartford - 10 units of family housing - \$450,000

Northside Terraces, Torrington - 92 units of family hosing - \$500,000

Willow Street Apartments, Waterbury - 33 units of family housing - \$500,000

Terry Court, Willimantic (Windham) - 68 units of family housing - \$500,000

Enfield Manor + Extension, Enfield - 99 units of elderly housing - \$337,921

## **PARTNERSHIPS**

CHFA is committed to supporting and strengthening neighborhoods by helping to integrate housing within community development efforts.

These partnerships play a crucial role in creating sustainable and inclusive communities.



## **Habitat for Humanity (HFH)**

CHFA supports HFH by purchasing HFH mortgages, enabling HFH to recycle funds to continue its critical work in providing affordable housing to first-time homebuyers. In 2022, CHFA purchased two loans from Habitat for Humanity.



## **Development Engagement Process (DEP)**

In collaboration with the Department of Housing (DOH), CHFA is processing 50 preliminary applications. All applicants will receive an invitation to address their proposals with DOH and CHFA. Proposed projects include new construction and preservation and utilize a wide range of financing including Low-Income Housing Tax Credits.



## Interagency Council for Supportive Housing and Homelessness (ICSHH)

The Interagency Council for Supportive Housing and Homelessness (ICSHH) meets regularly to address the needs and priorities of the State related to ending homelessness, the needs of young adults and families, as well as individuals re-entering communities, including persons with severe mental health needs or substance abuse disorders who are community-supervised offenders, and those who are living in shelters or those who are unsheltered homeless. ICSHH member agencies continue to work together to secure and implement federal funding for supportive housing opportunities and to develop demonstration programs that meet specific special needs populations.

The following developments, granted 9% LIHTC's in 2022, feature supportive housing units;

Oak Woods Apartments, Terryville – 12 units
Cedar Pointe II, Newington – 8 units
Village at Park River V, Hartford – 12 units
Crescent Crossing 1C, Bridgeport – 17 units
State + Chapel Development, New Haven – 16 units

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## **Capital Magnet Fund**

Funded through the U.S. Department of the Treasury, the Capital Magnet Fund (CMF) provides grants to eligible organizations to generate additional investment in affordable housing and economic development. Out of the projects approved for assistance by CHFA multifamily programs and products in 2022, including those that successfully reached their initial closing, the following three developments received funding from Capital Magnet Funds:

Hill Central Phase I - \$1,000,000 Antillean Manor - \$500,000 Clifford House - \$200,000



## CHFA's Small Multifamily CDFI Loan Pool

The Small Multifamily CDFI Loan Pool consists of low-cost capital provided by CHFA and the State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management for the redevelopment or rehabilitation of vacant or blighted small multifamily/mixed-use rental properties with 3 to 20 units.

Hartford Community Loan Fund (HCLF) and Capital for Change (C4C) are the leading participants in the program. Since its inception in 2014, they have utilized over \$10 million to finance the rehabilitation of 69 properties consisting of 274 rental units.

Of the loans originated in the small multifamily program by C4C, 66% of borrowers were people of color. The HCLF reports higher numbers of borrowers of color in their small-multi portfolio at 85%.

The CHFA Board of Directors has reauthorized the program through January 2024. The reauthorization includes an expansion to make two-unit multifamily dwellings eligible for program financing and to include multifamily homes that are not deemed blighted but need rehabilitation.

## Occupational Classifications by Race/Sex and Occupational Category

EEO Category	Grand Total	Total Male	Total Female	White Male	Black Male	Hispanic Male	Other Male	White Female	Black Female	Hispanic Female	Other Female
Officials/ Administrators	31	9	22	7	0	0	2	19	1	1	1
Professionals	65	20	45	17	2	0	1	33	4	4	4
Paraprofessionals	28	9	19	5	1	3	0	13	2	4	0
Technicians	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Office/Clerical	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
TOTAL	128	40	88	30	4	3	3	66	7	10	5

### **Affirmative Action Policy Statement**

The Connecticut Housing Finance Authority is committed to the achievement of all goals set forth in our Affirmative Action Plan within the timetables established. This commitment extends equal employment opportunity to all, regardless of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, ancestry, age, sexual orientation, physical disability, learning disability, genetic background information, intellectual disability, past or present history of mental disorder, status as a Vietnam-era or special disabled veteran or status in any group protected by state or local law (including marital status). A pledge of special consideration will be given to persons with disabilities and the older adult and hiring difficulties that they may experience as a result of their unique circumstances or needs.

As such, program goals will be set to overcome the present effects of past discrimination, if any, and to achieve the full and fair utilization of such persons in the work force. To perpetuate this commitment, we establish equal employment opportunity as our goal and affirmative action as the vehicle by which we will achieve it, in accordance with all existing federal and state constitutional provisions, laws, regulations, quidelines and executive orders, as stipulated in legislation.

Coupled with the above, constant, directed and steady strides will be undertaken to achieve parity within our workplace. To achieve this, new programs and opportunities for advancement will be generated to complement and expand upon those presently in place. In addition, particular attention will be given to such areas as: recruitment, interviewing, testing, training, appointment, assignment, evaluation and promotion to ensure that equal employment opportunity infiltrates every area of our employment system. The ultimate responsibility for the monitoring and development of the Affirmative Action Plan is the Executive Director, however prime responsibility for this has been delegated to the Director-Business Services.

To absorb the Affirmative Action Plan into the core of the CHFA's operations, each person involved in its implementation and utilization will be held responsible for its success and progress. Regardless of an employee's position or classification, a constant effort must be made to ensure that affirmative action is more than mere words, and that we make a commitment to the common goal of equal employment opportunity and advancement for all.

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## Firms receiving in excess of \$5,000 in 2022

Action Air Systems, Inc. All Star Software Systems

AmericanEagle.com

AT&T

Audacy Operations, Inc. B & W Landscaping LLC

Beta Group, Inc.
Bloomberg Finance LP

Boccaccio & Associates

Bridgeport Neighborhood Trust, Inc.

Capital For Change, Inc.

Capital Studio Architects LLC

CBRE, Inc.
Christopher Williams Architects LLC

Chrysalis Center, Inc. Civility Partners, Inc. Clear Company, Inc.

Clearwater Analytics LLC

CNG

Communication Corporation of CT

Community Action Agency of New Haven Inc.

Community Renewal Team, Inc. Constellation Newenergy, Inc.

Cox Business Service LLC

CT Fair Housing Center, Inc.

CTNAHRO

Delcon Maintenance Corporation

DeRosa Associates, Inc.

 ${\sf Dockside\,Construction\,Services\,LLC}$ 

**Eversource Energy** 

Extra Space Management, Inc.

Frontier Communications Hallmark Totaltech, Inc.

Housing & Development Software LLC Housing Development Fund, Inc.

HRP Associates, Inc.

Idaho Housing & Finance Association

Indisoft LLC Infoshred LLC

Interpreters & Translators, Inc.

Italia & Lemp, Inc.
J Associates Architects
J H Lapierre Jr & Son LLC
Jostle Corporation
Kelly Design Company LLC

Kelser Corp

Local Initiatives Support Corporation

Magnakleen Services LLC
Martin Yarborough & Associates
MCI Communications Services, Inc.
Mega Mechanical Services LLC

The Metropolitan District
Mutual Housing Association of Greater

Hartford, Inc.

Mutual Housing Assoc of South Central

CT, Inc.

Nagarro, Inc.

National Council for Community

Development Neighborhood Housing Services of New Britain, Inc.

Neighborhood Housing Services of

Waterbury, Inc.

New Haven Homeownership Center, Inc. New London Homeless Hospitality Center

Novogradac & Company

O'Riordan Migani Architects LLC

Policymap, Inc.
Primary Landscaping

Quadient Finance USA, Inc.

The R.L. O'Neil Company

RP McDermott Associates, Inc.

August Sarno AIA Architect

SHI International Corp. Sign-in Solutions, Inc.

Solutions4Community LLC Spectrum Enterprises, Inc.

T&TComplete Landscaping LLC

Gary J Tarantino
TBNG Consulting

Thames Valley Council for Community

Action Inc.

United Training Commercial LLC

Urban League of Greater Hartford, Inc. Urban League of Southern CT, Inc.

Verizon Wireless Messaging Services

Warren Group, Inc.

Watson Treeworks LLC
Wellspeak Dugas & Kane LLC

West Publishing Corp.

Wiles Architects LLC

William B Meyers Inc. & Affiliated Co.

WP Ventures, Inc.
Zoho Corporation

This list does not include Participating Lenders, Trustee, Financial, Professional, or Legal Services

## 2022 - Financial, Legal and Professional Services

#### **Auditors**

Whittlesey. P.C.

## Bond Counsel

Hardwick Law Firm, LLC
Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, LLP

Kutak Rock, LLP

Lewis & Munday, A Professional Corporation

Locke Lord LLP

Robinson & Cole LLP

#### Special Counsel

Barclay Damon LLP
Brown Paindiris & Scott, LLP
Cicchetti Tansley & McGrath LLP

Day Pitney, LLP
Halloran & Sage, LLP
Kutak Rock LLP
Murtha Cullina, LLP
Pullman & Comley, LLC
Robinson & Cole, LLP
Shipman & Goodwin, LLP

#### Senior Bond Managers

B of A Securities

Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC
RBC Capital Markets, LLC

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

#### Co-Senior Bond Managers

Academy Securities, Inc. Bancroft Capital, LLC Blaylock Van, LLC Ramirez & Co., Inc. Stern Brothers & Co.

#### Co-Bond Managers

Barclays Capital Inc.
Janney Montgomery Scott LLC
Jeffries Group LLC
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC
Raymond James & Associates, Inc.
Roosevelt & Cross, Incorporated
TD Securities (USA) LLC
UBS Financial Services Inc.

#### Financial Consultants

BLX Group, Inc. cfX Incorporated

Lamont Financial Services Corporation

#### Rating Agencies

Moody's Investors Service S&P Global Ratings

#### Trustee

U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association

#### Co-Senior Manager

Loop Capital Markets LLC

#### Co-Managers

Raymond James & Associates, Inc. UBS Financial Services Inc.

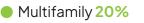
# CHFA's Financial Strength allows it to efficiently access the Capital Markets to fund its Programs.

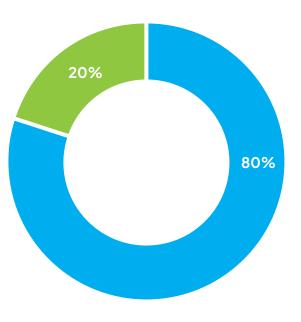
CHFA's bonds are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service and AAA by S&P Global Ratings. Most bond proceeds are used to finance single family and multifamily mortgage loans.

CHFA has also issued bonds for Group Homes,
Assisted Living, Supportive Housing and for the
Emergency Mortgage Assistance Program (EMAP),
all under the Special Need Housing Indenture.
Bonds have also been issued for energy efficiency
under the Qualified Energy Conservation Bond
Resolution (QECB).

### 2022 Bond Issuance

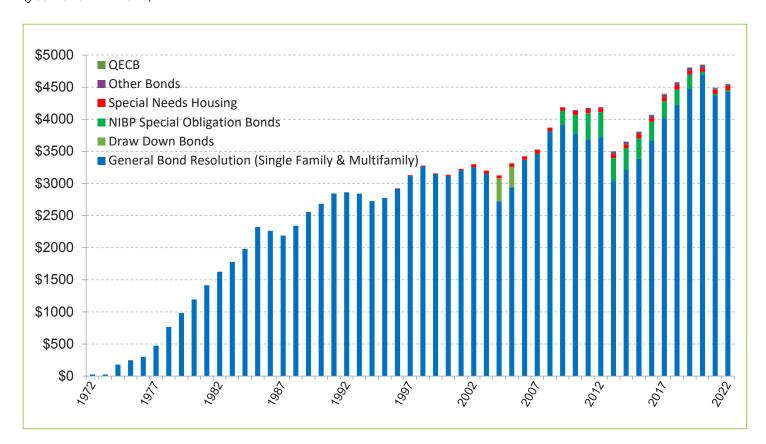
Single Family 80%





## Amount of Bonds Outstanding Since Inception in 1972

(year-end in millions)



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## **Connecticut Housing Finance Authority Bonds Issued**

As of December 31, 2022	
Cumulative value of all bonds issued under the Housing Mortgage Finance Program Bond Resolution	\$22,898,364,000
Cumulative value of all bonds issued under the Single Family Special Obligation Bond Resolution	\$364,720,000
Cumulative value of all bonds issued under the Multifamily Special Obligation Bond Resolution	\$27,610,000
Cumulative value of all bonds issued under the Bond Resolution Providing for the Issuance of Other Bonds	
for the Housing Mortgage Finance Program (Single Family)	\$13,000,000
Cumulative value of all bonds issued under the Bond Resolution Providing for the Issuance of Other Bonds	
for the Housing Mortgage Finance Program (Multifamily)	\$26,970,000
Cumulative value of all bonds issued under the Housing Draw Down Trust Indenture	\$420,682,000
Cumulative value of a portion of the bonds issued under the Special Needs Housing Mortgage Finance Program Indenture (the "SNHMFP Indenture")	\$167,565,000
Cumulative value of all bonds issued under the Qualified Energy Conservation Bond Resolution	\$9,634,919
Cumulative value of all conduit bond issuance (including \$148,630,000 issued under the SNHMFP Indenture)	\$284,810,000
Total Cumulative Value of All Bonds Issued	\$24,213,355,919

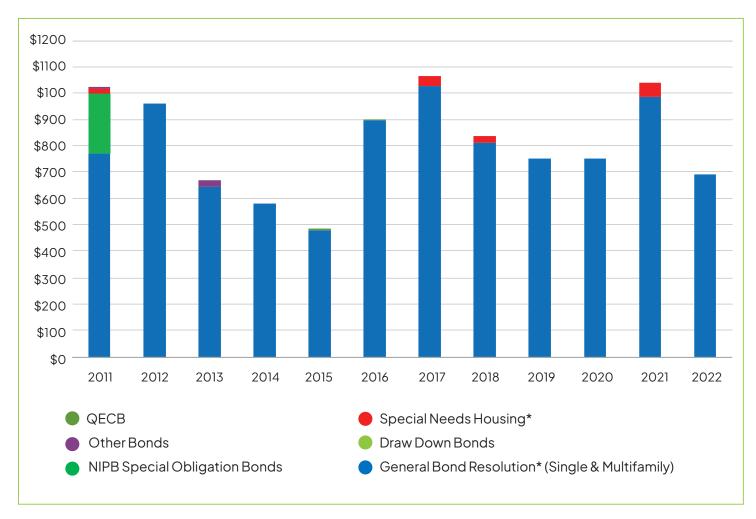
			Issued During Calendar Year 2022 <sup>(1)</sup>		
	FACE	NET		UNDERWRITERS	BOND
ISSUE	AMOUNT	PROCEEDS (2)	UNDERWRITER	COUNSEL	COUNSEL
OUSING MORTGAGE	FINANCE PROGE	RAM BONDS			
2022 SERIES A Subseries A1, A2, A3	\$103,900,000		RBC Capital Markets <sup>(3)</sup> , BofA Securities, Citigroup, Bancroft Capital, Blaylock, Jefferies, J.P. Morgan, Ramirez, Raymond James, TD Securities <sup>(4)</sup> , UBS, Wells Fargo Securities	Tobin, Carberry, O'Malley, Riley & Selinger, P.C.	Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, Lewis & Munday, A Professional Corporation
2022 SERIES A Subseries A4	\$100,000,000	\$100,000,000	RBC Capital Markets	Tobin, Carberry, O'Malley, Riley & Selinger, P.C.	Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, Lewis & Munday, A Professional Corporation
2022 SERIES B Subseries B1, B2	\$84,390,000	****	Morgan Stanley <sup>(5)</sup> , Wells Fargo Securities, Stern Brothers & Co., Academy Securities, Barclays, BofA Securities, Janney Montgomery Scott, J.P. Morgan, Roosevelt & Cross Incorporated	Tobin, Carberry, O'Malley, Riley & Selinger, P.C.	Kutak Rock LLP, Hardwick Law Firm, LLC
2022 SERIES C Subseries C1, C2	\$68,500,000		BofA Securities <sup>(6)</sup> , Citigroup, RBC Capital Markets, Ramirez & Co., Inc., Bancroft, Blaylock, Jefferies, J.P. Morgan <sup>(7)</sup> , Raymond James, TD Securities, UBS, Wells Fargo Securities	Tobin, Carberry, O'Malley, Riley & Selinger, P.C.	Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, Lewis & Munday, A Professional Corporation
2022 SERIES C Subseries C3 <sup>(8)</sup>	\$31,500,000	\$31,500,000	N/A	N/A	Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP
2022 SERIES C Subseries C4	\$100,000,000	\$100,000,000	BofA Securities	Tobin, Carberry, O'Malley, Riley & Selinger, P.C.	Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, Lewis & Munday, A Professional Corporation
2022 SERIES D Subseries D1, D2	\$55,200,000	\$55,200,000	Wells Fargo Bank National Association <sup>(6)</sup> , Academy Securities, Morgan Stanley , Barclays, BofA Securities, Janney Montgomery Scott, J.P. Morgan, Roosevelt & Cross Incorporated, Stern Brothers & Co.	Tobin, Carberry, O'Malley, Riley & Selinger, P.C.	Kutak Rock LLP, Hardwick Law Firm LLC
2022 SERIES E Subseries E1, E2	\$147,815,000		Citigroup <sup>®</sup> , BofA Securities, Blaylock Van, LLC, RBC Capital Markets, Bancroft, Jefferies, J.P. Morgan, Ramirez & Co., Inc., Raymond James <sup>(10)</sup> , TD Securities, UBS, Wells Fargo Securities	Tobin, Carberry, O'Malley, Riley & Selinger, P.C.	Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, Lewis & Munday, A Professional Corporation
Total	\$691,305,000	\$700,144,956			

Unless otherwise indicated, all issues were sold on a negotiated basis. The Financial Advisor for all issues was Lamont Financial Services Corporation.

- (1) Sole Underwriter for the 2022 Subseries C-2 Bonds.
- (8) Direct or privately placed.
- (9) Senior Manager for the 2022 Subseries E-1 Bonds.
- (10) Sole Underwriter for the 2022 Subseries E-2 Bonds.



## Bonds Issued for each year under the General Resolution



<sup>\*</sup> State Contingent Liability Debt

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<sup>(2)</sup> Total proceeds raised from the bond sale including any discount or premiums.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(3)</sup> Senior Manager for the 2022 Subseries A-1 and 2022 Subseries A-2 Bonds.

<sup>(4)</sup> Sole Underwriter for the 2022 Subseries A-3 Bonds.
(5) Senior Manager for the offerred bonds.

<sup>(6)</sup> Senior Manager for the 2022 Subseries C-1 Bonds.

## A LOOK AHEAD...

As we step into 2023, our primary goal remains to create and preserve affordable housing for residents across Connecticut. We will do this through a wide range of programs, services, and initiatives aimed at leveraging our resources and expertise with those of our committed partners and stakeholders. This year represents the final year of our three-year strategic plan, and will focus on strengthening engagement with the communities we serve and emphasizing financial innovation with an eye towards improved operational excellence.

Our vision for Connecticut is that all low-and moderate-income residents have a range of choices where they can live in affordable, safe, quality housing located in environmentally sustainable and economically healthy communities. This year, the introduction of new programs and services, and the optimization of existing ones, will drive our pursuit of this vision. Thanks to continued support from the Governor and the General Assembly, the Time To Own forgivable down payment loan program is expected to assist hundreds of first-time buyers realize their American Dream of homeownership. And for the many Connecticut homeowners experiencing a COVID-related housing hardship, MyHomeCT will continue to serve as a lifeline to maintaining housing stability. On the multifamily rental housing front, we will work to strengthen our commitment to creating and preserving housing affordability across the state with a strong emphasis on enhancing energy efficiency and sustainability.

Our efforts to enhance awareness of and access to CHFA's programs and services will intensify through expanded marketing and outreach events. These events will help to create a platform for knowledge-sharing and education that will provide indispensable insights into the various paths that lead to first-time homeownership. Of special note is our focus on those communities where the demand for homeownership opportunities is particularly pronounced.

We express our deep appreciation to our dedicated staff and Board of Directors, and our supportive stakeholders, whose unwavering trust and collaboration continue to inspire and propel us forward.





The following pages provide CHFA Audited Financial Statements



Bringing You Home



**CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY** 

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**DECEMBER 2022 AND 2021** 



## **CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY**

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Directors
Connecticut Housing Finance Authority

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the state of Connecticut, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of December 31, 2022, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Prior Period Financial Statements**

The financial statements of the Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, were audited by other auditors whose report dated March 24, 2022 expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
  period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the pension and OPEB schedules, as presented in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-15 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which

consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and supplementary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and supplementary schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 6, 2023 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hartford, Connecticut

Shittlesey PC

April 6, 2023

This section of the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority's (the "Authority") financial statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis, presents an overview of the Authority's financial performance for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. It provides an assessment of the Authority's financial position and identifies the factors that in management's view, significantly affected the Authority's overall financial position. It may contain assumptions or conclusions by the Authority's management that should not be considered a replacement for, and must be read in conjunction with, the financial statements described below.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual financial report consists of four parts: *Management's Discussion and Analysis*, the *Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information* and *Supplementary Information*. The Authority is a self-supporting quasi-public agency established for the purpose of alleviating the shortage of affordable housing for low and moderate income households in the State of Connecticut and, when appropriate, to promote or maintain the economic development of Connecticut through employer-assisted housing efforts. The financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. The Authority operates in a manner similar to a private business that includes activities such as the financing of home mortgage loans and multifamily and special needs housing real estate development.

#### The Basic Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position provides information about the Authority's financial condition at the end of the year by indicating the nature and amounts of its investments in resources (assets), its deferred outflows of resources, its obligations (liabilities), its deferred inflows of resources and its resulting net position. Net position represents total assets, plus total deferred outflows of resources, less total liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources. The organization of the statement of net position separates assets and liabilities into their current and non-current components.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position accounts for all of the current year's revenues and expenses, measures the success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine how the Authority has funded its costs.

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about the Authority's cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash resulting from operations, financing, capital and investing activities.

#### The Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to Financial Statements provide:

- Information that is essential to understanding the basic financial statements, such as the Authority's accounting methods and policies.
- Details of contractual obligations, future commitments and contingencies of the Authority.
- Other events or developing situations that could materially affect the Authority's financial position.

#### **Required Supplementary Information and Supplementary Information**

Required Supplementary Information represents information required by GASB, which supplements the basic financials statements and notes. These schedules provide additional information about the Authority's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability, Net Pension Liability and schedules of the Authority's contributions to the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

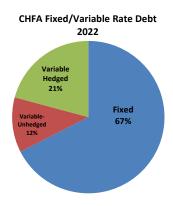
The Supplementary Information includes individual program schedules that present the Authority's financial statements in more detail.

#### Financial Highlights - Year Ended December 31, 2022

During 2022, the Authority closed \$357 million in single family loans bringing homeownership to 1,610 homebuyers. The need for multifamily financing remained strong. Through new construction and/or rehabilitation, the Authority financed 913 affordable multifamily units for a total investment commitment of \$141.8 million.

During 2022, the Authority issued five series of Housing Mortgage Finance Program Bonds generating \$700 million in proceeds to provide financing for its home mortgage and multifamily mortgage housing programs in addition to refunding approximately \$60 million in outstanding bonds. Under various programs, the Authority has also made funds available from net position.

The Authority experienced an uptick in single-family loan production. The effects of COVID-19 pandemic continued to ease during 2022 as housing prices started coming down and inventory levels rose. As a supplement to the Authority's existing downpayment assistance program, a new down payment assistance program "Time to Own" was rolled out during the year, further increasing the purchasing power of homebuyers. This program was capitalized by the State of Connecticut and provides assistance for eligible homebuyers of up to 25% of the cost of the home, up to a maximum of \$50,000. Program loans are non-amortizing (deferred), with a 10-year term and a 0% interest rate. 10% of the loan balance is forgiven on each anniversary of the loan closing until fully forgiven. The program is further described in Note 16 to the financial statements.



The federal fund rate increased multiple times during the year in an effort to rein in inflation. The rapid rise in interest rates contributed to an increase in interest earnings, borrowing and lending costs. The rate increases also resulted in a substantial reduction over the prior year in single-family loan payoffs, as existing borrowers opted to retain their lower interest rate mortgages.

### Financial Highlights - Year Ended December 31, 2021

During 2021, the Authority closed \$237 million in single family loans bringing homeownership to 1,152 homebuyers. The need for multifamily financing remained strong. Through new construction and/or rehabilitation, the Authority financed 976 affordable multifamily units for a total investment commitment of \$140.1 million.

During 2021, the Authority issued five series of Housing Mortgage Finance Program Bonds generating \$1 billion in proceeds to provide financing for its home mortgage and multifamily mortgage housing programs in addition to refunding approximately \$641 million in outstanding bonds to take advantage of lower interest rates. Under the Special Needs Housing Mortgage Finance Program, the Authority issued four series of bonds totaling \$54.1 million, \$29.3 million of which are considered obligations of the State of Connecticut and are not reflected on the Authority's Statements of Net Position, however are disclosed in the Conduit Debt section of Note 8. The proceeds of these funds were used to refund \$45.8 million in outstanding bonds with the remainder being used to fund the financing of thirteen group homes. The group homes provide housing and support services for individuals with special needs. Under various programs, the Authority has also made funds available from net position.

Single family loan production continued to be impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The single-family housing market was a challenging one for first time homebuyers as they faced rising home prices and reduced inventory. The Authority made changes to its downpayment assistance program to help improve its homebuyers' purchasing power.

The low interest rate environment during 2021 resulted in lower investment earnings and propelled an increase in single family loan payoffs as existing borrowers sought to refinance.

### **Financial Analysis of the Authority**

The following table summarizes the changes in Net Position between December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

		(iı	n millions)		% Char	nge
		2022	2021	2020	2022/2021	2021/2020
<u>Assets</u>						_
Current assets	\$	1,667.3 \$	1,388.8 \$	1,188.6	20.0 %	16.8 %
Capital assets		4.6	3.3	3.1	39.2	6.6
Noncurrent assets		4,386.0	4,753.9	5,168.5	(7.7)	(8.0)
Total assets	_	6,057.9	6,146.0	6,360.2	(1.4)	(3.4)
Deferred outflows of resources						
Unamortized deferred bonds						
refunding costs		61.9	71.1	75.7	(13.0)	(6.1)
Derivative Financial Instruments				39.9	100.0	100.0
Deferred amounts for OPEB		15.2	17.5	24.0	(13.3)	(26.9)
Deferred amounts for pensions		13.1	11.1	12.9	17.9	(13.5)
Total deferred outflows						
of resources		90.2	99.7	152.5	(9.6)	(34.6)
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Long-term bonds payable		4,210.6	4,051.0	4,453.2	3.9	(9.0)
Net OPEB liability		51.3	77.3	82.4	(33.7)	(6.1)
Net pension liability		50.1	64.9	70.5	(22.8)	(7.9)
Other liabilities		899.6	986.6	837.9	(8.8)	17.7
Total liabilities	_	5,211.6	5,179.8	5,444.0	0.6	(4.9)
Deferred inflow of resources						
Deferred amount for OPEB		37.7	17.0	16.2	121.5	5.2
Deferred amount for pensions		17.0	9.7	8.6	75.5	12.4
Derivative Financial Instruments		171.5	26.9		538.7	100.0
Total deferred inflows						
of resources		226.2	53.6	24.8	321.6	116.4
Net position						
Net investment in						
capital assets		4.6	3.3	3.1	39.2	6.6
Restricted		705.7	1,009.0	1,040.8	(30.1)	(3.1)
Total Net Position	\$	710.3 \$	1,012.3 \$	1,043.9	(29.8) %	(3.0) %

### Change 2022/2021

- Cash and investments in securities decreased \$46.8 million or 1.3% primarily resulting from:
  - A net increase of \$296.4 million in bond proceeds and other funds held to be used for the financing of mortgage loans, the retirement of bond debt and the payment of administrative costs.
  - A \$343.2 million decrease attributable to the decrease in investment fair values specifically related to GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC Program Assets (see Note 4 of the financial statements).
- Mortgage loans receivable decreased \$92.6 million or 3.6%.
  - During 2022, the Authority's multifamily and single family whole loan portfolio experienced an
    overall net reduction of 3.6%, however the home mortgage loan program, which includes both
    whole loans and mortgage loans securitized into mortgage backed securities (MBS's),
    experienced only a slight year-over-year decrease of 0.9%.
- Accrued interest receivable on securities increased \$5.6 million or 112.2%. This increase is due to the increase in interest rates on the Authority's short-term investments.
- Accounts receivable and other assets increased \$20.6 million or 56.8%. This increase is substantially attributed to:
  - The Authority has an arrangement with a GNMA/FNMA/FHLMC seller/servicer. The terms of the agreement provide for immediate reimbursement of single family loans that have been originated but are waiting to be pooled and securitized. The time lag between reimbursement and securitization varies but is generally 45 days. The Authority earns interest at the note rate during this time. As of year-end there was a \$19.3 million increase from prior year in the reimbursed loans waiting to be securitized. This is mostly due to the increase in single family loan production during the year.
- Derivative instruments interest rates swaps increased by \$25.7 million.
  - Due to the increasing interest rate environment and the fact that many of the swaps in the portfolio were purchased when rates were lower, the Authority has experienced a net increase in market value of its swap portfolio.
- Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$9.6 million or 9.6%. This decrease is substantially attributed to:
  - A \$2.0 million increase in deferred amounts for pensions and \$2.3 million decrease in deferred amounts for OPEB. The deferred amounts are allocated to the Authority from an actuarial analysis prepared by the State of Connecticut. It is comprised of the difference between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of employer contributions and lastly, the employer contributions made between the measurement date of June 30, 2022 and the Authority's year-end of December 31, 2022.
  - A net decrease of \$9.2 million in unamortized deferral on bond refundings. The Authority has refunded certain variable rate bonds that were being hedged by interest rate swaps. The fair value of the swaps at the time of the refundings was reclassified from derivative financial instruments-deferred outflows to unamortized deferral on bond refundings. The amounts reclassed are then amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or new debt. The \$9.2 million decrease is a result of the current year amortization of these deferrals.
- Escrow deposits and unearned revenue increased \$100 million or 49%. During 2022, the Authority
  was awarded additional funds under the Housing Assistance Fund Program, which accounts for the
  majority of the increase.

- Line of credit payable increased by \$36.4 million. During 2022, the Authority entered into an
  additional revolving line of credit agreement, the funds of which were used to temporarily fund single
  family loans awaiting pooling and securitization. All three line of credit agreements are further
  described in Note 8 of the financial statements.
- Bonds payable increased by \$51.6 million or 1.1%. The increase is attributed to:
  - An increase of \$700.1 million as a result of new bonds issued including original issue premium.
  - An increase of \$0.1 million due to capital appreciation bond accretions.
  - A decrease of \$634.5 million as a result of redemptions.
  - A decrease of \$14.1 million due to the amortization of original issue premiums.
- Net OPEB liability decreased by \$26.1 million or 33.7%. Net pension liability decreased by \$14.8 million or 22.8%. The Authority is a component unit of the State of Connecticut and participates in the State's OPEB and pension plan. Liabilities are allocated based on the Authority's proportionate share of the State of Connecticut's net OPEB and pension liability. Both liabilities are adjusted annually based on an actuarial valuation prepared by the State (see Note 13 and Note 14 of the financial statements).
- Deferred inflows of resources increased \$172.5 million or 321.6%. This includes:
  - A \$20.7 million increase in deferred amount for OPEB and a \$7.2 million increase in deferred amount for pensions. The deferral changes are explained in further detail in Note 13 and Note 14 of the financial statements.
  - A \$144.6 million increase in derivative financial instruments. The increase is a result of the market value increase of the Authority's swap portfolio.

#### Change 2021/2020

- Mortgage loans receivable decreased \$160.1 million or 5.8%.
  - During 2021, the Authority's multifamily loan portfolio experienced overall net growth, while its home mortgage whole loan portfolio continued to experience a net reduction. For reasons outlined in the Financial Highlights section, the home mortgage loan program, which includes both whole loans and mortgage loans securitized into mortgage backed-securities (MBS's), experienced a year-over-year decrease of 11.6%.
- Cash and investments in securities decreased \$56.6 million or 1.6% primarily resulting from:
  - A net increase of \$18.0 million in bond proceeds and other funds held to be used for the financing of mortgage loans, the retirement of bond debt and the payment of administrative costs.
  - A \$74.6 million decrease attributable to the decrease in investment fair values specifically related to GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC Program Assets (see Note 4 of the financial statements).
- Accounts receivable and other assets increased \$6.4 million or 21.6%. This increase substantially attributed to:
  - A \$4.1 million reallocation of FAF funds from other assets to investments.
  - The Authority has an arrangement with a GNMA/FNMA/FHLMC seller/servicer. The terms of the agreement provide for immediate reimbursement of single family loans that have been originated but are waiting to be pooled and securitized. The time lag between reimbursement and securitization varies but is generally 45 days. The Authority earns interest at the note rate during this time. As of year-end there was an \$11.0 million increase from prior year in the reimbursed loans waiting to be securitized. This is mostly due to the increase in single family loan production towards the end the year.

- Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$52.8 million or 34.6%. This decrease is substantially attributed to:
  - A \$1.7 million decrease in deferred amounts for pensions and \$6.4 million decrease in deferred amounts for OPEB. The deferred amounts are allocated to the Authority from an actuarial analysis prepared by the State of Connecticut. It is comprised of the difference between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of employer contributions and lastly, the employer contributions made between the measurement date of June 30, 2021 and the Authority's year-end of December 31, 2021.
  - A net decrease of \$4.7 million in unamortized deferral on bond refundings. During 2021 the
    Authority refunded certain variable rate bonds that were being hedged by interest rate swaps.
     \$9.3 million in fair value of the swaps at the time of the refundings was reclassified from derivative
    financial instruments-deferred outflows to unamortized deferral on bond refundings. The
    amounts reclassed are then amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or new debt.
    The \$9.3 million increase to unamortized deferral on bond refundings was offset by \$14.0 million
    of such amortizations.
  - A \$39.9 million decrease in derivative financial instruments. At prior year-end, there was a \$39.9 million balance in deferred outflows for derivative financial instruments. The current year activity produced a \$66.8 million swing from deferred outflows to deferred inflows. This resulted from a net decrease in swap notional of \$15.7 million due to amortizations, a decrease in market value of \$41.8 million and \$9.3 million reclassification from derivative financial instruments to deferred outflows due to the refunding of variable rate bonds hedged with interest rate swaps.
- Escrow deposits and unearned revenue increased \$12.0 million and 6.3%. During 2021, the Authority was awarded funds under the Housing Assistance Fund Program and Housing Stability Counseling Program, which accounts for the majority of the increase.
- Line of credit payable increased by \$144.1 million. During 2021, the Authority entered into two
  revolving line of credit agreements to preserve single family mortgage prepayments and reduce
  interest costs by refunding the corresponding bonds. The agreements are further described in Note
  8 of the financial statements.
- Bonds payable decreased by \$351.1 million or 7.2%. The decrease is attributed to:
  - An increase of \$1.031 billion as a result of new bonds issued including original issue premium.
  - An increase of \$0.5 million due to capital appreciation bond accretions.
  - A decrease of \$1.372 billion as a result of redemptions.
  - A decrease of \$11.0 million due to amortization of original issue premiums.
- Net OPEB liability decreased by \$5.1 million or 6.1%. Net pension liability decreased by \$5.6 million or 7.9%. The Authority is a component unit of the State of Connecticut and participates in the State's OPEB and pension plan. Liabilities are allocated based on the Authority's proportionate share of the State of Connecticut's net OPEB and pension liability. Both liabilities are adjusted annually based on an actuarial valuation prepared by the State (see Note 13 and Note 14 of the financial statements).
- Deferred inflows of resources increased \$28.9 million or 116.4%. This includes:
  - A \$0.8 million increase in deferred amount for OPEB and \$1.2 million increase in deferred amounts for pensions. The deferral changes are explained in further detail in Note 13 and Note 14 of the financial statements.
  - A \$26.9 million increase in derivative financial instruments. The 2021 activity (further explained above in the deferred outflows section) resulted in a balance shift from deferred outflows to deferred inflows.

The home mortgage, rental housing and special needs housing loan portfolios are one of the Authority's primary assets. New loans financed under the Authority's home mortgage and special needs housing programs (including GNMA, FNMA & FHLMC Program Assets, excluding the acquired portfolio from the State) exceeded payoffs for the year ended December 31, 2022. Payoffs of loans for the years ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2021 exceeded new loans financed as follows:

	(in millions)												
		New Loans											
		Financed	_	Payoffs	_	Net							
2022	\$	394.4	\$	308.4	\$	86.0							
2021		248.9		562.3		(313.4)							
2020		308.0		395.4		(87.4)							

The change in the multifamily rental housing and special needs housing portfolios (excluding the acquired portfolio from the State) is summarized as follows:

			(iı	n millions	% Change			
	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	2022/2021	2021/2020
Construction loan balances	\$	112.9	\$	153.0	\$	149.7	(26.2) %	6 2.2 %
Permanent loan balances		1,236.5		1,195.5		1,139.9	3.4	4.9
Special needs housing permanent loan balances	_	63.3	_	65.9	_	60.9	(4.0)	8.2
Total Multifamily Mortgage Loans	\$_	1,412.7	\$_	1,414.4	\$_	1,350.5	(0.1) %	4.7 %

As a result of legislation that was passed during calendar year 2002, on April 9, 2003 the Authority acquired housing assets from the Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development from a reallocation of \$85 million of its available cash resources. The par value of this acquired portfolio at December 31, 2003 was \$213.3 million. After evaluation of the underlying loans by the Authority, the carrying value of this portfolio was written down to \$65.0 million.

During calendar year 2016, further legislation was passed which resulted in the Authority acquiring multifamily housing assets from the Connecticut Department of Housing from a reallocation of \$15 million of the Authority's available cash resources. The par value of this acquired portfolio at December 31, 2016 was \$16.1 million. After evaluation of the underlying loans by the Authority, the carrying value of this portfolio was written down to zero.

The status of these acquired portfolios combined, as of December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, is summarized as follows (in millions):

December 31 2022

			De	cember 31, 20	)22	
		Par		Allowance		Carrying
		Value		for Losses		Amount
	_		-		-	
Home mortgage loans	\$	0.7	¢	(0.5)	\$	0.2
	Ψ	_	Ψ	` ,	Ψ	
Multifamily mortgage loans	_	157.5	-	(136.9)	-	20.6
Total acquired portfolio	\$_	158.2	\$_	(137.4)	\$_	20.8
Allowance for losses % to par value				86.9%		
·						
	_		De	cember 31, 20	)21	
		Par		Allowance		Carrying
		Value		for Losses		Amount
	_		-		-	
Home mortgage loans	\$	0.9	\$	(0.6)	\$	0.3
Multifamily mortgage loans	Ψ	161.1	Ψ	(139.8)	Ψ	21.3
Multilatility mortgage loans	_	101.1	-	(139.0)	-	21.3
Total acquired portfolio	\$_	162.0	\$_	(140.4)	\$_	21.6
Allowance for losses % to par value				86.7%		
			De	cember 31, 20	)20	
	_	Par		Allowance		Carrying
		Value		for Losses		Amount
	_		-		-	
Home mortgage loans	\$	1.1	\$	(0.8)	\$	0.3
Multifamily mortgage loans	_	167.6	_	(144.2)	_	23.4
Total acquired portfolio	\$	168.7	\$	(145.0)	\$	23.7
rotal acquired portions	Ψ=	100.7	Ψ=	(170.0)	Ψ=	20.1
Allowance for losses % to par value				85.9%		

Mortgage loan earnings, including earnings on GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC Program Assets, which are included in "interest on investments," represent the Authority's major source of operating revenue. The Authority also charges various program fees that include but are not limited to application fees, commitment fees, extension fees and financing fees.

The following table summarizes the changes in operating income between December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020.

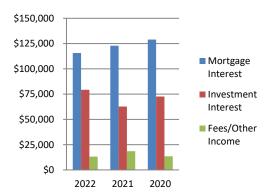
			(iı	n millions	% Change				
		2022		2021		2020	2022/2021	2021/2020	
Operating Revenues:	_				_				
Interest on mortgage loans	\$	115.7	\$	122.9	\$	129.0	(5.9) %	(4.7) %	
Interest on investments		79.3		62.7		72.7	26.5	(13.7)	
Fees and other income		13.1		18.6		13.5	(29.4)	38.3	
Total operating revenues	_	208.1	_	204.2	_	215.2	1.9	(5.1)	
Operating Expenses:									
Interest		123.6		128.4		144.0	(3.7)	(10.8)	
Bond issuance costs		6.3		8.1		6.0	(22.3)	`36.0 <sup>′</sup>	
Servicer fees		12.2		7.9		7.3	`54.6 <sup>°</sup>	7.8	
Administrative		35.8		35.8		34.8	0.0	3.0	
Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserve		1.1		(16.1)		3.8	107.1	(522.3)	
Total operating expenses	_	179.0	_	164.1	_	195.9	9.1	(16.2)	
Operating income (loss)	_	29.1	. <u> </u>	40.1	_	19.3	(27.4)	108.0	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):									
Actuarial assumption changes pension & OPEB Net decrease in the fair value		12.6		0.4		(6.1)	2,724.7	107.4	
of investments		(343.2)		(74.6)		119.3	(360.0)	(162.5)	
Other		(0.5)		2.5		0.7	(120.1)	257.1 <sup>°</sup>	
Total nonoperating income (loss)		(331.1)	_	(71.6)	_	113.9	(362.2)	(162.9)	
Change in Net Position	\$_	(302.0)	\$_	(31.6)	\$_	133.2	(856.8) %	(123.8) %	

#### Change 2022/2021

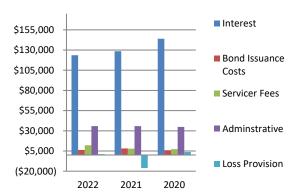
- Net position decreased \$302.0 million in 2022. Operating income was \$29.1 million, a decrease of \$11.0 million from the prior year.
  - Operating revenues increased \$3.9 million or 1.9%. This increase is primarily due to:
    - On a combined basis, mortgage and investment interest income increased by \$9.3 million in 2022. This is being driven by an increase in interest rates on the Authority's short-term investments.
    - Fees and other income decreased by \$5.4 million over prior year. This is primarily due to the recognition of nonrecurring fee income during 2021.
  - Operating expenses increased \$14.9 million or 9.1%. This increase is substantially attributable to:
    - A \$4.8 million decrease in interest costs. The Authority made over \$174 million in special bond redemptions throughout the year, many of these bonds of which were originally purchased at a premium. The redemptions resulted in the acceleration of the amortization of these premiums. The amortization of bond premiums results in the reduction of interest expense.
    - A \$4.3 million increase in servicer fees. During 2022 the Authority modified its lenders compensation structure to more closely align with industry standards.
    - A \$17.3 million increase in provision for loss reserves. This is a result of the following:
      - During 2022, the Authority received EMAP loan payoffs that resulted in a reduction of the EMAP loan loss reserves of \$3.1 million.
      - The down payment assistance loans made to single family borrowers under the Time to Own Program (further described in Note 16 to the financial statements) were reserved at 100% due to the loan terms, which provide for these loans to be forgiven over a 10 year period. This resulted in an \$18.7 million increase to the reserves.

- A \$1.7 million increase due to routine fluctuations and performance changes in the multifamily portfolio.
- Nonoperating loss increased by \$259.3 million in 2022. The difference is attributable to:
  - A \$12.2 million decrease resulting from pension and OPEB actuarial assumption changes.
     Pension and OPEB liabilities and expenses are allocated to the Authority per an actuarial analysis prepared by the State of Connecticut. See Notes 13 and 14 for further detail.
  - During 2022, there was a \$343.2 million decrease in the fair value of the Authority's investment portfolio, specifically the Authority's GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC Program Assets discussed in Note 4 of the financial statements. When compared to the fair value decrease of \$74.6 million during 2021, the result is a year-over-year decrease of \$268.5 million. Interest rates have sharply increased since a substantial portion of the portfolio was purchased. The change in market interest rates has an inverse relationship to the fair value of mortgage backed securities. Since it has been the Authority's policy to hold securities to maturity, this loss is not expected to be realized.
  - Grant program funding increased by \$34.9 million. The increase was substantially attributed to:
    - The recognition of earned revenue from the Time to Own grant in the amount of \$18.7 million. This is a new grant in 2022.
    - An increase in the recognition of earned revenue from the Homeowner Assistance Fund grant in the amount of \$20.2 million.
    - The receipt of the Capital Magnet grant funding in the amount of \$3 million which was received in 2021, with no additional funds received in 2022.
  - Grant program expenses increased \$37.9 million. The increase was substantially attributed to:
    - An increase in Homeowner Assistance Fund grant expenditures in the amount of \$20.2 million.
    - Recognizing Time to Own grant expenditures for the first time in 2022 in the amount of \$18.7 million,

### **Operating Revenue (\$000)**



## **Operating Expenses (\$000)**



### Change 2021/2020

- Net position decreased \$31.6 million in 2021. Operating income was \$40.1 million, an increase of \$20.8 million from the prior year.
  - Operating revenues decreased \$11.0 million or 5.1%. This decrease is primarily due to:
    - On a combined basis, mortgage and investment interest income decreased by \$16.0 million in 2021. This is being driven by a \$216 million net decrease in program assets (mortgage loans receivable and investments in securities) and a reduction in interest rates year-over-year.
    - Fees and other income increased by \$5.1 million over prior year. This is primarily due to the recognition of nonrecurring fee income during 2021.
  - Operating expenses decreased \$31.8 million or 16.2%. This decrease is substantially attributable to:
    - A \$15.5 million decrease in bond interest costs. Bonds payable decreased \$351.1 million from prior year. The Authority also refinanced over \$640 million in outstanding bonds and was able to recognize interest savings in the form of lower interest rates.
    - A \$2.1 million increase in bond issuance costs. The bonds issued in 2021 exceeded the prior year by \$291 million.
    - A \$19.9 million decrease in provision for loan loss reserves. The decrease was due to:
      - An updated appraisal was received on a distressed multifamily property. The appraised value was substantially equivalent to the outstanding loan balance. A modification to the existing loan is anticipated. For these reasons the loss reserve on this specific loan was reduced by \$8.3 million resulting in a loss reserve of 15% of the unpaid balance.
      - During 2021, the Authority received an unprecedented amount of EMAP loan payoffs as borrowers took advantage of the hot real estate market and low interest rates and either sold their homes or refinanced their mortgages. The increased payoffs resulted in a reduction of the EMAP loan loss reserves of \$3.6 million.
      - The State acquired multifamily loan portfolio experienced a reduction of \$6.7 million during 2021, being in part driven by loan payoffs. The loss reserves for the portfolio were adjusted down accordingly by \$4.5 million.
      - A \$3.5 million reduction due to routine fluctuations and performance changes in the multifamily portfolio.
- Nonoperating income was \$113.9 million in 2020. Nonoperating loss was \$71.7 million in 2021. The \$185.6 million difference is attributable to:
  - A \$6.5 million increase resulting from pension and OPEB actuarial assumption changes.
     Pension and OPEB liabilities and expenses are allocated to the Authority per an actuarial analysis prepared by the State of Connecticut. See Notes 13 and 14 for further detail.
  - During 2021, there was a \$74.6 million decrease in the fair value of the Authority's investment portfolio, specifically the Authority's GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC Program Assets discussed in Note 4 of the financial statements. When compared to the fair value increase of \$119.3 million during 2020, the result is a year-over-year decrease of \$193.9 million. Interest rates have increased since a substantial portion of the portfolio was purchased. The change in market interest rates has an inverse relationship to the fair value of mortgage backed securities.
  - Grant program funding increased \$6.8 million. The increase was substantially attributed to:
    - The receipt of the Capital Magnet Grant funding in the amount of \$3 million which was received for the first time in 2021.
    - The recognition of earned revenue from the Homeowner Assistance Fund grant in the amount of \$4.9 million.
  - Grant program expenses increased \$5.1 million. The increase was substantially attributed to:
    - Homeowner Assistance Fund grant expenditures in the amount of \$4.9 million.

#### Debt Administration

The following table summarizes the changes in bonds payable between December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020. More detailed information related to the Authority's outstanding bond debt obligations is presented in Note 8 of the financial statements.

	<u> </u>	(in millions)		<u> </u>		
	2022	2021	2020	2022/2021	2021/2020	
Bonds payable	\$ 4,600.3	\$ 4,548.6 \$	4,899.7	1.1%	(7.2)%	

#### Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Finance Department of the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority at 999 West Street, Rocky Hill, CT 06067.

		December 31,		
		2022	2021	
Assets				
Restricted current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,051 \$	285	
Mortgage loans receivable		122,050	183,503	
Investments in securities		1,463,896	1,148,967	
Real estate owned - multifamily		2,300	2,300	
Accrued interest receivable on:				
Mortgage loans		10,554	12,527	
Securities		10,565	4,978	
Accounts receivable and other assets		56,854	36,257	
Total current assets		1,667,270	1,388,817	
Restricted noncurrent assets:				
Mortgage loans receivable, net of current portion		2,383,992	2,415,103	
Investments in securities, net of current portion		1,974,035	2,336,487	
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps		25,707		
Capital assets, net of depreciation		4,605	3,309	
Real estate owned - single family		2,274	2,293	
Total noncurrent assets		4,390,613	4,757,192	
Total assets		6,057,883	6,146,009	
Defended Outflows of December				
Deferred Outflows of Resources Unamortized deferral on bond refundings		61,847	71,070	
Deferred amount for OPEB		15,202	17,533	
Deferred amount for pensions		13,120	11,127	
Total deferred outflows of resources		90,169	99,730	
Liabilities Current liabilities:				
		104,977	48,599	
Escrow deposits and unearned revenue Accrued interest payable		17,801	14,901	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		7,384	6,798	
Line of credit payable		180,425	144,065	
Bonds payable		·	•	
Total current liabilities		389,705	497,593	
Total current liabilities	-	700,292	711,956	
Noncurrent liabilities				
Escrow deposits and unearned revenue, net of current portion		199,346	155,674	
Bonds payable, net of current portion		4,210,545	4,051,056	
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps			118,936	
Net OPEB liability		51,273	77,331	
Net pension liability		50,111	64,880	
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,511,275	4,467,877	
Total liabilities		5,211,567	5,179,833	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred amount for OPEB		37,661	17,002	
Deferred amount for pensions		17,015	9,794	
Derivative financial Instruments		171,493	26,850	
Total deferred inflows of resources		226,169	53,646	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		4,605	3,309	
Restricted by bond indentures and/or enabling legislation		705,711	1,008,951	
Total Net Position	\$	710,316 \$	1,012,260	

# CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (in 000's)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2022		2021
Operating Revenues			
Interest on mortgage loans \$	115,652	\$	122,906
Interest on investments	79,300	Ψ	62,710
Fees and other income	13,157		•
		_	18,536
Total operating revenues	208,109	_	204,152
Operating Expenses			
Interest	123,608		128,468
Bond issuance costs	6,308		8,117
Servicer fees	12,144		7,860
Administrative	35,800		35,793
Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves	1,140		(16,150)
Total operating expenses	179,000	_	164,088
Operating Income	29,109	<u> </u>	40,064
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Actuarial assumption changes for pension and OPEB	12,611		446
Net decrease increase in the fair value of investments	(343,152)		(74,603)
Grant program funding	45,061		10,139
Grant program expenses	(45,573)		(7,695)
Nonoperating loss	(331,053)	_	(71,713)
Change in Net Position	(301,944)		(31,649)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	1,012,260	<u> </u>	1,043,909
Net Position - End of Year \$	710,316	\$_	1,012,260

Cash Flows from Operating Activities         2021         2021           Cash received from incleast on mortgage loans         \$ 117,625         \$ 123,882           Cash received from mortgage principal prepayments         223,299         313,447           Cash received from mortgage principal prepayments         223,299         313,447           Cash received from mortgage form selected from the selected from			Year Ended December 31,			
Cash received from interest on mortgage loans		•				
Cash received from scheduled mortgage principal payments         79,088         85,584           Cash received from frees and other income         13,134         18,285           Cash payments to employees         223,299         122,309           Cash payments to employees         123,864         128,505           Cash payments to employees         123,864         129,505           Net cash provided by operating activities         175,052         276,566           Cash payments to employees           Net cash provided by operating activities         100,050         12,020           Cash payments to employees         100,050         12,020           Retirement of bords payable         (804,533)         (1,371,517)           Proceeds from secrow deposits         100,050         12,020           Retirement of bords payable         (804,533)         (1,371,517)           Proceeds from slees of bords         700,145         1,005           Proceeds from live of credit         80,800         144,068           Interest paid         6,233         (1,271,195           Bord surpropers proceeds         144,541         10,139           Graph provided by noncapital financing activities	Cash Flows from Operating Activities	•		-		
Cash received from scheduled mortgage principal payments         79,08         85,584           Cash received from frees and other income         13,134         18,285           Cash payments to employees         (210,627)         223,298           Cash payments to employees         (23,563)         (22,053)           Cash payments to employees         (23,884)         (19,553)           Net cash provided by operating activities         175,052         276,956           Cash payments to employees           Net cash provided by operating activities         100,050         12,020           Cash payments to employees         23,884         (19,553)           Net cash provided by operating activities         100,050         12,020           Retirement of bonds payatile         (634,533)         (1,371,517)           Proceeds from slice of bonds         700,145         1,039,522           Proceeds from live of credit         (6,283)         (147,195)           Sample of credit         (6,283)         (147,195)           Sample of credit         (6,283)         (147,196)           Sample of credit         (6,283)         (147,196)           Sample of credit         (6,283)	Cash received from interest on mortgage loans	\$	117,625	\$	123,882	
Cash received from mean and other income         13,143         13,847           Cash payments to purchase mortgage loans         (210,627)         (22,984)           Cash payments to employees         (23,864)         (22,086)           Cash payments to suppliers         (23,884)         (22,086)           Net cash provided by operating activities         75,052         276,385           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         100,050         1,020           Proceeds from searcow deposits         100,050         (137,1517)           Proceeds from searcow deposits         100,050         (137,1517)           Proceeds from searcow deposits         700,145         (1,030,152)           Proceeds from sales of bonds         700,145         (1,030,152)           Proceeds from lace of credit         36,360         144,065           Interest paid         (25,653)         (25,139)           Grant program proceeds         44,541         10,139           Grant program proceeds         44,541         10,139           Grant program proceeds         (1,591)         (670)           Net cash lused and provided by noncapital financing activities         9,8670         317,370           Proceeds from sale			79,008		86,564	
Cash received from fees and other income         13,134         13,885           Cash payments to purchase mortgage loans         (20,623)         (22,056)           Cash payments to employees         (23,894)         (19,525)           Cash provided by operating activities         175,052         276,956           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         100,050         1,000           Proceeds from escrow deposits         100,050         1,2020           Retirement of bonds payable         (634,533)         (1,371,517)           Proceeds from issel of bonds         700,145         1,039,952           Proceeds from line of credit         36,360         144,068           Interest paid         (125,547)         (127,195)           Bond issuance costs         (6,293)         (8,139)           Grant program proceeds         (45,053)         (7,695)           Ost ask flower from Capital and Related Financing activities         (45,053)         (7,695)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (1,591)         (670)           Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)           Purchase of investment securities         9,39,50         440,762 <td cols<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td>223,299</td><td></td><td>313,447</td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td>223,299</td> <td></td> <td>313,447</td>			223,299		313,447
Cash payments to purchase mortgage loans         (21,627)         (223,864)         (223,064)         (223,064)         (223,064)         (223,064)         (223,064)         (23,065)         Cash payments to suppliers         (23,064)         (19,553)         Net cash provided by operating activities         175,052         276,956           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         100,050         12,020           Retirement of bonds payable         (634,533)         (1,37,517)         1,75,175         770,145         1,030,952         1,030,952         1,030,952         1,020         1,030,952         1,020         1,030,952         1,020         1,030,952         1,020         1,030,952         1,020         1,031,952         1,020         1,031,952         1,020         1,031,952         1,020         1,031,952         1,020         1,031,952         1,020         1,031,952         1,020         1,031,952         1,020         1,031,952         1,020         1,020         1,020         1,031,952         1,020						
Cash payments to suppliers         (23,863)         (22,005)           Cash provided by operating activities         175,052         276,365           Net cash provided by operating activities         175,052         276,365           Proceeds from escrow deposits         100,050         12,020           Retirement of bonds payable         (634,533)         (1,371,517)           Proceeds from sales of bonds         700,145         1,039,952           Proceeds from line of credit         36,360         (44,054)         (12,71,95)           Bond issuance costs         (6,293)         (8,139)         (7,195)           Grant program proceeds         (45,053)         (7,695)           Orat program proceeds         (45,053)         (7,695)           Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities         (1,591)         (670)           Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (1,591)         (670)           Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)           Purchase of investiment securities         9,39,530         440,762           Purchase of investiment securities         9,39,530         440,762           Reduction (increase) of warehoused lonas awaiting	Cash payments to purchase mortgage loans					
Cash payments to suppliers         (23,884)         (19,553)           Net cash provided by operating activities         276,062         276,062           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         100,050         1,2020           Proceeds from seasor ow deposits         100,050         1,2030,0952           Retirement of bonds payable         (634,533)         (1371,517)           Proceeds from sales of bonds         700,145         (1307,905)           Proceeds from line of credit         30,360         144,065           Interest paid         (62,933)         (61,203)         (17,195)           Bond issuance costs         6,62,933         (81,303)         (7,695)           Grant program proceeds         445,013         (7,695)         (81,505)         (7,695)           Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities         (1,591)         (670)         (670)           Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)         (67						
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         175,052         276,956           Proceeds from escrow deposits         100,050         12,020           Retirement of bonds payable         (634,533)         (1,371,517)           Proceeds from sales of bonds         700,145         1030,952           Proceeds from line of credit         36,360         144,665           Interest paid         (125,547)         (127,195)           Bond issuance costs         (6,293)         (8,139)           Grant program proceeds         44,541         10,139           Grant program proceeds         44,541         10,139           Grant program proceeds         (1,591)         (670)           Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities         69,670         (317,370)           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         (1,591)         (670)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         (1,591)         (670)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         939,530         440,762           Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities         939,530         440,762           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)			(23,884)			
Retirement of bonds payable   10,050   12,020     Retirement of bonds payable   (634,53)   (1,371,517)     Proceeds from sales of bonds   700,145   1,030,952     Proceeds from line of credit   (1,271,95)     Bond issuance costs   (6,293)   (8,139     Bond issuance costs   (6,293)   (8,139     Grant program proceeds   (45,053)   (7,695)     Ret cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities   (45,053)   (7,695)     Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities   (1,591)   (670)     Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities   (1,591)   (670)     Purchase of computer software   (1,591)   (670)     Ret cash used in capital and related financing activities   (1,295,122)   (459,446)     Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities   (1,235,122)   (459,446)     Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization   (20,485)   (6,449)     Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization   (20,485)   (242,365)   (30,782)     Interest received on investments   (242,365)   (30,782)     Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents   (30,782)     Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year   (30,284)   (30,284)     Reduction (for prating income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities   (30,284)   (30,284)     Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities   (30,386)   (30,38		-		_		
Retirement of bonds payable   (634,533)   (1,371,517)     Proceeds from sales of bonds   700,455   1,003,952     Proceeds from line of credit   38,300   144,075     Interest paid   (125,547)   (127,195)     Bond issuance costs   (8,139)     Grant program proceeds   (4,541   10,139     Grant program proceeds   (4,541   10,139     Grant program costs   (9,655)   (7,695)     Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities   69,670   (317,370)     Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities   (1,591)   (670)     Purchase of computer software   (1,591)   (670)     Rote cash used in capital and related financing activities   (1,255,122)   (459,446)     Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities   (1,235,122)   (459,446)     Purchase of investment securities   (1,235,122)   (459,446)     Sales of real estate owned   (1)   2,584     Interest received on investments   (242,365)   (6,449)     Sales of real estate owned   (1)   2,584     Interest received on investments   (242,365)   (6,49)     Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents   (3,02)     Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year   285   587     Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year   285   587     Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year   285   645     Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves   (1,05)   (1,05)     Bond issuance costs   (3,00)   (2,710)     Interest expense   (1,00)   (1,00)   (1,00)     Interest expense   (1,00)   (1,00)   (1,00)     Interest expense   (1,00)   (1,00)   (1,00)     Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets   (20,597)   (6,449)     Increase (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets   (20,597)   (6,449)     Increase (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets   (20,597)   (6,449)     Increase (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets   (20,597)   (6,449)     Increase (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets   (20,597)   (6,449)     Increase (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets   (20,597)   (6,449)     Incre	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Proceeds from sales of bonds         700,144 (965 Interest paid         136,360 (144,065 Interest paid         144,065 (127,195) (127,19	Proceeds from escrow deposits		100,050		12,020	
Proceeds from line of credit         36,360         144,065           Interest paid         (125,547)         (127,195)           Bond issuance costs         (6,293)         (8,139)           Grant program proceeds         44,541         10,139           Grant program proceeds         (45,053)         (7,695)           Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities         69,670         317,370           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities           Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         939,530         440,762           Cash Flows from Investing Activities           Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities         939,530         440,762           Purchase of investment securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (11,591)         2,584           Interest received on investments         (20,485)         (6,494)           Sales of real estate owned         (20,485)         (45,498)           Interest cevieved on investments         (20,24,365)         40,782	Retirement of bonds payable		(634,533)		(1,371,517)	
Interest paid   (125,547)   (127,195)   Bond issuance costs   (6,293)   (8,139)   Grant program proceeds   44,541   10,139   Grant program proceeds   44,541   10,139   Grant program costs   (45,053)   (7,695)   (7,695)   Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities   69,670   (317,370)      Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities   (1,591)   (670)   (670)     Net cash used in capital and related financing activities   (1,591)   (670)     Purchase of computer software   (1,591)   (670)     Net cash used in capital and related financing activities   (1,2591)   (670)     Purchase of investment Activities   (1,2591)   (670)     Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities   939,530   440,762     Purchase of investment securities   (1,235,122)   (459,446)     Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization   (20,485)   (6,449)     Sales of real estate owned   (1)   2,584     Interest received on investments   (20,485)   (459,446)     Interest received on investments   (242,365)   (40,782)     Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents   (242,365)   (40,782)     Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents   (242,365)   (302)     Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year   (285)   (242,365)   (302)     Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year   (285)   (285)   (285)     Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities   (29,109)   (40,644)     Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities   (29,109)   (40,644)     Depreciation   (29,60)   (20,710)   (20,710)     Interest expense   (20,60)   (20,710)     Interest expense   (20,60)   (20,710)     Interest expense   (20,60)   (20,710)     Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable on mortgage loans   (20,50)   (20,710)     Decrease (increase) in accounts payable and other accured liabilities   (20,50)   (20,710)     Decrease (increase) in accounts payable and other accured liabilities   (20,50)   (20,710)     Decrease (increase) in accoun			700,145		1,030,952	
Bond issuance costs         (6,293)         (8,139)           Grant program proceeds         44,541         10,139           Grant program costs         (45,053)         (7,695)           Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities         69,670         (317,370)           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities           Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (1,591)         (670)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities           Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities         939,530         440,762           Purchase of investment securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         (242,365)         40,782           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         \$ 2,010         \$ 40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to Net Cash Provided by Op	Proceeds from line of credit		36,360		144,065	
Bond issuance costs         (6,293)         (8,139)           Grant program proceeds         44,541         10,139           Grant program costs         (45,053)         (7,695)           Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities         69,670         (317,370)           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities           Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (1,591)         (670)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities           Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities         939,530         440,762           Purchase of investment securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         (242,365)         40,782           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         \$ 2,010         \$ 40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to Net Cash Provided by Op	Interest paid		(125,547)		(127, 195)	
Grant program costs         (45,053)         (7,695)           Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities         69,670         (317,370)           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         (1,591)         (670)           Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (1,591)         (670)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         939,530         440,762           Purchase of investment securities         939,530         440,762           Purchase of investments securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         (242,365)         40,782           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         29,109         40,064           Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves         1,140 <td>Bond issuance costs</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(8,139)</td>	Bond issuance costs				(8,139)	
Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities         69,670         (317,370)           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         (1,591)         (670)           Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (1,591)         (670)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         939,530         440,762           Purchase of investment securities         939,530         440,762           Purchase of investment securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         73,713         63,331           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents         766         (302)           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         597           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         285         597           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         29,109         \$40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activiti	Grant program proceeds					
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         (1,591)         (670)           Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (1,591)         (670)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         939,530         440,762           Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities         939,530         440,762           Purchase of investment securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         766         (302)           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents         766         (302)           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         285         587           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         29,109         40,064           Depreciation         29,109         40,064         465           Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves         1,140         (16,1	Grant program costs		(45,053)		(7,695)	
Purchase of computer software         (1,591)         (670)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (1,591)         (670)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         939,530         440,762           Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         766         (302)           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         \$29,109         \$40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         296         465           Operating income         \$29,109         \$40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities         296         465           Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves         1,140         (16,150)           Bond issuance costs         6,308         8,117           Interest expense         123,608         128,408     <	Net cash (used) and provided by noncapital financing activities	-	69,670	_	(317,370)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (1,591)         (670)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         939,530         440,762           Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities         (939,5122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         (242,365)         40,782           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents         766         (302)           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         285         587           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         29,109         \$40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         296         465           Depreciation         296         465           Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves         1,140         16,150           Bond issuance costs         6,308         8,117           Interest expense         1,23,608         128,468 <t< td=""><td>Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Cash Flows from Investing Activities           Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities         939,530         440,762           Purchase of investment securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         (242,365)         40,782           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents         766         (302)           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         285         587           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         29,109         40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities         296         465           Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves         1,140         (16,150)           Bond issuance costs         6,308         8,117           Interest con investments         (79,300)         (62,710)           Interest con investments         (79,300)         (62,710)           Interest con	Purchase of computer software		(1,591)		(670)	
Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities         939,530         440,762           Purchase of investment securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increases) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         766         (302)           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         285         587           Reconcilitation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         29,109         40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         296         465           Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves         1,140         (16,150)           Bond issuance costs         6,308         8,117           Interest on investments         (79,300)         (62,710)           Interest expense         123,608         128,468           Change in assets and liabilities:         (20,597)         (6,449)           Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets         (20,597)	Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(1,591)	_	(670)	
Purchase of investment securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         (242,365)         40,782           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents         766         (302)           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         \$ 1,051         \$ 285           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         \$ 29,109         \$ 40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         296         465           Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves         1,140         (16,150)           Portication         6,308         8,117           Interest on investments         (79,300)         (62,710)           Interest expense         123,608         128,468           Change in assets and liabilities:         (20,597)         (6,449)           Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets         (20,597)         (6,449)	Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Purchase of investment securities         (1,235,122)         (459,446)           Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         766         (302)           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents         766         302           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         \$ 1,051         285           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         \$ 29,109         \$ 40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities         296         465           Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves         1,140         (16,150)           Bond issuance costs         6,308         8,117           Interest on investments         (79,300)         (62,710)           Interest expense         123,608         128,468           Change in assets and liabilities         (20,597)         (6,449)           Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets         (20,597)         (6,449)	Proceeds from sales of and maturities of investment securities		939,530		440,762	
Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization         (20,485)         (6,449)           Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         (242,365)         40,782           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents         766         (302)           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         \$ 1,051         \$ 285           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         \$ 29,109         \$ 40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         296         465           Depreciation         296         465           Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves         1,140         (16,150)           Bond issuance costs         6,308         8,117           Interest expense         123,608         128,468           Change in assets and liabilities:         123,608         128,468           Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets         (20,597)         (6,449)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other assets         (20,597)         (6,449)	Purchase of investment securities					
Sales of real estate owned         (1)         2,584           Interest received on investments         73,713         63,331           Net cash used in investing activities         (242,365)         40,782           Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents         766         (302)           Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year         285         587           Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year         1,051         285           Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities         29,109         40,064           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         296         465           Depreciation         296         465           Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves         1,140         (16,150)           Bond issuance costs         6,308         8,117           Interest on investments         (79,300)         (62,710)           Interest expense         123,608         128,468           Change in assets and liabilities:         (20,597)         (6,449)           Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets         (20,597)         (6,449)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities         586         607           Decrease (increase) in acc	Reduction (increase) of warehoused loans awaiting securitization					
Interest received on investments Net cash used in investing activities  Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year  Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation  Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves  Bond issuance costs Bond issuance costs Bond issuance costs Change in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable on mortgage loans Change in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets Decrease (increase) in accounts payable and other assets Decrease (increase) in accounts receivables, net  Noncash Investing Activities						
Net cash used in investing activities(242,365)40,782Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents766(302)Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year285587Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year\$ 1,051\$ 285Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$ 29,109\$ 40,064Operating income\$ 29,109\$ 40,064Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation296465Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves1,140(16,150)Bond issuance costs6,3088,117Interest on investments(79,300)(62,710)Interest expense123,608128,468Change in assets and liabilities:1,973975Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets(20,597)(6,449)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other assets(20,597)(6,449)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities586607Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net111,929183,569Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$ 175,052\$ 276,956	Interest received on investments				63,331	
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Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year\$ 1,051\$ 285Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$ 29,109\$ 40,064Operating income\$ 29,109\$ 40,064Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:296465Depreciation296465Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves1,140(16,150)Bond issuance costs6,3088,117Interest on investments(79,300)(62,710)Interest expense123,608128,468Change in assets and liabilities:1,973975Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable on mortgage loans1,973975Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets(20,597)(6,449)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities586607Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net111,929183,569Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities\$ 175,052276,956	Incease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		766		(302)	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  Operating income \$29,109 \$40,064  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation \$296 \$465  Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves \$1,140 \$(16,150)\$  Bond issuance costs \$6,308 \$8,117  Interest on investments \$(79,300) \$(62,710)\$  Interest expense \$123,608 \$128,468  Change in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable on mortgage loans \$1,973 \$975\$  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets \$(20,597) \$(6,449)\$  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities \$586 \$607\$  Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net \$111,929 \$183,569\$  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$\$276,956\$	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		285		587	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  Operating income \$29,109 \$40,064  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation \$296 \$465  Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves \$1,140 \$(16,150)\$  Bond issuance costs \$6,308 \$8,117  Interest on investments \$(79,300) \$(62,710)\$  Interest expense \$123,608 \$128,468  Change in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable on mortgage loans \$1,973 \$975\$  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets \$(20,597) \$(6,449)\$  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities \$586 \$607\$  Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net \$111,929 \$183,569\$  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$\$276,956\$	Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	1 051	\$	285	
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Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation  Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves  Bond issuance costs  G,308  B,117  Interest on investments  Change in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable on mortgage loans  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets  Decrease (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  A 65  465  465  465  465  465  465  465						
Depreciation 296 465 Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves 1,140 (16,150) Bond issuance costs 6,308 8,117 Interest on investments (79,300) (62,710) Interest expense 123,608 128,468 Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable on mortgage loans 1,973 975 Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets (20,597) (6,449) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities 586 607 Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net 111,929 183,569  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 175,052 \$ 276,956	Operating income	\$	29,109	\$	40,064	
Provision for (reduction to) loan loss reserves  Bond issuance costs  6,308  8,117 Interest on investments  Interest expense  Change in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable on mortgage loans  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities  Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  1,140 (16,150) 6,308 8,117 (79,300) (62,710) 123,608 128,468 1,973 975 (6,449) 1,973 975 (6,449) 1,973 1,973 1,973 1,973 1,973 1,973 1,975 1			296		465	
Bond issuance costs 6,308 8,117 Interest on investments (79,300) (62,710) Interest expense 123,608 128,468 Change in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable on mortgage loans Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets (20,597) (6,449) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities 586 607 Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net 111,929 183,569  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 175,052 \$ 276,956	•					
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Change in assets and liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable on mortgage loans Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  1175,052  175,052  176,956  Noncash Investing Activities			, ,		, , ,	
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable on mortgage loans  Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities  Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  1,973 975  (6,449)  1586 607  111,929 183,569  Noncash Investing Activities	·		123,000		120,400	
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable and other assets  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities  Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  Set (20,597) (6,449)  183,569  111,929 183,569  Noncash Investing Activities			1 072		075	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities  Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  \$ 175,052 \$ 276,956  Noncash Investing Activities			•			
Decrease in mortgage loan and other receivables, net 111,929 183,569  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 175,052 \$ 276,956  Noncash Investing Activities						
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$\frac{175,052}{276,956}\$\$  Noncash Investing Activities						
Noncash Investing Activities	Decrease in mongage loan and other receivables, her	•		-	103,309	
	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	175,052	\$_	276,956	
	Noncash Investing Activities					
		\$	(343,152)	\$_	(74,603)	

## CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **NOTE 1 - AUTHORIZING LEGISLATION**

Connecticut Housing Finance Authority (the "Authority") is a public instrumentality and political subdivision of the State of Connecticut. It was created in 1969 for the purpose of increasing the housing supply and encouraging and assisting in the purchase, development and construction of housing for low and moderate-income families and persons throughout Connecticut. The Authority operates pursuant to Chapter 134 of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended (the "Act"). As required by the Act, the Authority's powers are exercised by a Board of Directors consisting of fifteen members, four of whom are State officials, seven of whom are appointed by the Governor and four of whom are appointed by leaders of the General Assembly.

The Authority is authorized to issue bonds, notes and other obligations to fund loans to qualified borrowers for single family homes and multifamily developments. Funding of loan programs on an ongoing basis is derived principally from bond proceeds and interest earned on loans and investments.

The Authority is a component unit of the State of Connecticut, based on the criteria for defining the reporting entity as identified and described in the Government Accounting Standards Board's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Authority is a self-supported entity and the accompanying financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting wherein revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). While detail sub-fund information is not presented, separate accounts are maintained for each program and include certain funds that are legally designated as to use. The funds of the Authority and similar component units are proprietary fund types.

### **Reporting Entity**

Connecticut Housing Finance Authority Funds

Under the Act and the General Housing Mortgage Finance Program Bond Resolution of September 27, 1972 (the "Bond Resolution"), the Authority is authorized to maintain Housing Mortgage General and Capital Reserve Funds. In addition to the aforementioned funds, the Authority, as permitted by the Act, has established other funds. Included in other funds are the Investment Trust Fund, which may be used to account for assets which are determined to be "surplus funds" under the terms of the Bond Resolution, and the Housing Mortgage Insurance Fund, which provides mortgage insurance.

## CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Also included in other funds are:

- a. the Special Needs Housing Fund, the Special Needs Housing Capital Reserve Fund, the State Assistance Agreement Fund, and, as to the Authority's Emergency Mortgage Assistance Payment (EMAP) Program: the EMAP State Assistance Agreement Fund and the EMAP Revolving Loan Fund (collectively, the "Special Needs Housing Program Funds"), the Group Home Renewal and Replacement Fund, the Assisted Living Facilities Renewal and Replacement Fund and the Supportive Housing Renewal and Replacement Fund (collectively the "Special Needs Housing Renewal and Replacement Funds"). The Authority is authorized to maintain the Special Needs Housing Program Funds and the Special Needs Housing Renewal and Replacement Funds (collectively the "Special Needs Housing Funds") under the Act and the Special Needs Housing Mortgage Finance Program Indenture (formerly known as the Group Home Mortgage Finance Program Indenture of Trust) (the "Special Needs Indenture"),
- b. the Single Family Special Obligation Bond and Other Bond Funds which the Authority is authorized to maintain under the Act, the Bond Resolution Providing for the Issuance of Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds (the "SFSOB Resolution") of November 19, 2009, and the Bond Resolution Providing for the Issuance of Other Bonds for the Housing Mortgage Finance Program (Single Family) (the "Single Family Other Bond Resolution") of November 19, 2009,
- c. the Multifamily Special Obligation Bond and Other Bond Funds which the Authority is authorized to maintain under the Act, the Multifamily Bond Resolution Providing for the Issuance of Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bonds (the "MFSOB Resolution") of November 19, 2009, and the Bond Resolution Providing for the Issuance of Other Bonds for the Housing Mortgage Finance Program (Multifamily) (the "Multifamily Other Bond Resolution") of October 27, 2011, and
- d. The Qualified Energy Conservation Bond Fund which the Authority is authorized to maintain under the Act, the Qualified Energy Conservation Bond Resolution Providing for the Issuance of Qualified Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds (the "QECB Resolution") of February 26, 2015.

During 2021, the assets of the Single Family Special Obligation Bond were transferred to the Bond Resolution and all outstanding bonds were redeemed in full. The fund was wound down as of December 31, 2021.

### **Blended Component Units**

The Authority's operations include blended component units which are included in the Authority's basic financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 61. These are legally separate entities for which the Authority is considered financially accountable. The Authority is financially accountable for those units that make up its legal entity, as well as certain legally separate organizations because they have essentially the same board of directors and management personnel. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the Authority's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary Authority. Interfund activity has been eliminated. Additional information relating to these blended component units can be found in the supplementary information section of this report.

#### **State Housing Authority**

The State Housing Authority (the "Corporation") is a quasi-public agency of the State of Connecticut and a subsidiary of the Authority. It was created as the successor to the Connecticut Housing Authority ("CHA") under Public Act No. 95-250, which transferred \$1,282,000 to establish the Corporation. The Corporation operates pursuant to Chapter 129 of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended (the "CHA Act"). This entity is currently inactive.

## CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash is comprised of accounts on deposit with financial institutions. For purposes of reporting cash flows, highly liquid instruments with an original maturity of less than 90 days are generally considered to be cash equivalents, exclusive of the State of Connecticut Short Term Investment Fund and overnight sweeps which are considered to be investments in securities.

#### Mortgage Loans Receivable

Mortgage loans are carried at their principal balance net of allowance for losses and are generally secured by first liens on real property. Interest on loans is accrued and credited to operations based on the principal amount outstanding. The accrual of interest income is discontinued when a loan becomes 90 days past due or in management's opinion is deemed uncollectible as to principal or interest. When interest accruals are discontinued, unpaid interest previously recorded as income is reversed and subsequently recognized only when received.

#### **Investments in Securities**

The Authority is limited under the Act to (i) investment obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or the State of Connecticut, (ii) participation certificates for the State of Connecticut Short Term Investment Fund ("STIF") which is an investment pool administered by the State Treasurer, and (iii) other obligations which are legal investments for savings banks in Connecticut and to time deposits or certificates of deposit or other similar arrangements secured in such a manner as the Authority determines.

Investments are carried at net asset value or at fair value with the exception of those investments maturing within one year, which are carried at amortized cost, excluding accrued interest.

#### **Real Estate Owned - Multifamily**

CHFA - Small Properties, Inc., was established as a tax exempt organization and subsidiary of the Authority. This organization operates pursuant to Section 8-244(c)(1) of the Connecticut General Statutes and was created to provide distinct accountability for multifamily real estate awaiting sale. As of December 31, 2022, total assets, total liabilities, and net position were \$4,350,000, \$2,439,000 and \$1,911,000, respectively.

#### Real Estate Owned - Single Family

Real estate acquired in satisfaction of a loan are reported separately in real estate owned. Properties acquired by foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure are transferred to real estate owned and recorded at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated selling costs at the date of foreclosure and are adjusted, if necessary, at year end. An allowance for losses on real estate owned is maintained for subsequent valuation adjustments on a specific property basis.

#### **Capital Assets**

Land, building, building improvements and computer software exceeding \$100,000 are capitalized at cost. Maintenance and repair expenses are charged to operations when incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life; 32 years for building and building improvements and 7 years for computer software.

### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Authority reports deferred outflows and inflows related to pension and OPEB in the statement of net position which result from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions and lastly, contributions made after the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits, the one exception being contributions made after the measurement date which are recognized as pension expense in the following year.

GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, defines derivative instruments and requires that they be reported at fair value in the statements of net position. The swap agreements the Authority has entered into are characterized as derivatives. Offsetting changes in fair value are carried on the statements of net position as either deferred inflows or outflows for swaps classified as effective hedges. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021 the Authority's swaps were considered effective hedges.

Gains and losses in connection with advanced refundings of debt are recorded as either a deferred outflow or deferred inflow of resources and are amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the remaining life of the old or the new debt.

### **Compensated Absences**

Full-time employees accrue vacation or annual leave at the rate of fifteen to twenty-five days per year, depending on length of service. Employees may accumulate leave time, subject to certain limitations, and upon retirement, termination or death may be compensated for certain accumulated amounts at their then current rates of pay. The liability was \$2,914,000 and \$3,091,000 for 2022 and 2021 respectively, and is reflected in the statement of net position as a component of account payable and accrued liabilities.

### **Net OPEB Liability**

The Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and expense associated with the Authority's requirement to contribute to the State of Connecticut Other Post-Employment Benefits Program have been determined by an actuarial valuation prepared and reported by the State of Connecticut's Other Post-Employment Benefits Program. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year-end. The measurement date relating to the Authority's net OPEB liability is June 30<sup>th</sup> of the current reporting year.

## **Net Pension Liability**

Net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected pension benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for the purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year-end. The measurement date relating to the Authority's net pension liability is June 30<sup>th</sup> of the current reporting year.

### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

The Authority's derivative financial instruments consist of interest rate swaps, all of which have been determined by the Authority to represent effective cash flow hedges. Accordingly, changes in the fair value of the swaps are reported as either deferred outflows or inflows of resources on the statement of net position.

The interest differentials to be paid or received under interest rate swaps are recognized as increases or decreases in interest expense of the related bond liability. The fair value of the Authority's position at year end in swap agreements is disclosed in Note 8. No gains or losses will result under the agreements unless an agreement is terminated prior to maturity or the counterparty defaults.

### **Net Position**

Net position is classified in the following two categories:

## **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. There is no outstanding debt related to the Authority's capital assets.

## Restricted by Bond Indentures and/or Enabling Legislation

All funds and component units of the Authority that are not related to capital assets are restricted by the Bond Resolution, Special Needs Indenture, SFSOB Resolution, Single Family Other Bond Resolution, MFSOB Resolution, QECB Resolution and Multifamily Other Bond Resolution and/or the Act.

#### **Bond Premiums and Discounts**

Discount and premium on bonds issued are deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense using a method approximating the effective interest method.

#### **Bond Issuance Costs**

Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred and are classified as an operating expense in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

### **Provision for Loan Loss Reserves**

The allowance for losses on the loan and real estate owned portfolios is provided through charges against current operations based on management's periodic review of the loan and real estate owned portfolios. This review considers such factors as the payment history of the loans, the current and projected cash flows of the borrowers, estimated value of the collateral, subsidies, historical loss experience for each type of insurance or guarantee and economic conditions.

## **Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses**

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues consist primarily of interest income on mortgage loans, fees and other charges related to mortgage loans and interest on investments, including fees and interest on GNMA, FNMA & FHLMC Program Asset investments more fully described in Note 4. The Authority also recognizes revenues from other administrative fees as operating revenues. Operating expenses include general and administrative expenses, costs and expenses incurred in connection with the amortization, issuance and sale of bonds; and other costs related to various loan programs. Revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are generally reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## **Actuarial Assumption Changes for Pension and OPEB**

Non-cash changes to pension and OPEB expenses that result from changes in actuarial assumptions are recorded as nonoperating income or expenses.

## **Grants (Private, State and Federal Grant Programs)**

Grants received from private entities and federal and state governments are recognized as nonoperating revenue as the related expenditures are incurred in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE**

Fair Value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal market, or if none exists, the most advantageous market, for the specific asset or liability at the measurement date ("exit price"). The fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

### Level 1

Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

#### Level 2

Inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

#### Level 3

Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and are unobservable.

The Authority has the following investment and derivative instruments measured at fair value which are included in the statements of net position as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

### Investments and Derivative Instruments Measured at Fair Value

(in thousands)

December 31, 2022

	_	Fair Value 12/31/22	_	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments measured at fair value:								
CMO's	\$	475	\$		\$	475	\$	
GNMA, FNMA & FHLMC Program Assets		1,903,813				1,903,813		
MBS's		90				90		
Municipal Bonds		29,936				29,936		
Structured Securities		372				372		
US Government Agency Securities		716		716				
FHLB Discount Notes		19,976		19,976				
US Treasury Bills	_	168,401	_	168,401				
Total	\$_	2,123,779	\$	189,093	\$_	1,934,686	\$_	
Derivative Instruments measured at fair value: Interest rate swaps	\$	25,707	\$		\$	25,707	\$	

### Investments and Derivative Instruments Measured at Fair Value

(in thousands)

December 31, 2021

	_	Fair Value 12/31/21	_	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	 Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments measured at fair value:							
CMO's	\$	459	\$		\$	459	\$
GNMA, FNMA & FHLMC Program Assets		2,199,619				2,199,619	
MBS's		160				160	
Municipal Bonds		46,556				46,556	
Structured Securities		270				270	
US Government Agency Securities		866		866			
VRDN's	_	89,000	_		_	89,000	 
Total	\$_	2,336,930	\$	866	\$_	2,336,064	\$ 
Derivative Instruments measured at fair value: Interest rate swaps	\$	(118,936)	\$		\$	(118,936)	\$

### NOTE 4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

### Deposits (in 000's)

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount reported as cash and cash equivalents on the statements of net position of the Authority represents deposits (including checking accounts and escrow accounts) of \$1,051 and \$285, respectively. This entire amount is on deposit in independent financial institutions with a balance of \$3,175 and \$1,858 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Included in the carrying amount reported as cash and cash equivalents, are deposits held in escrow by the Authority at December 31, 2022 and 2021, of \$570 and \$188, respectively.

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Of the \$3,175 and \$1,858 financial institution balance at December 31, 2022 and 2021, \$480 and \$0, respectively, were held in the Authority's name in the corporate trust division of one financial institution. These amounts were collateralized with a market value of underlying collateral equal to at least 100% of the amount on deposit with acceptable collateral compliant with 12 CFR § 9.10(b). In addition, in compliance with 12 CFR § 9.13 these amounts were protected from any potential creditors of the financial institution. The balances of \$3,175 and \$1,858, respectively, were held in demand deposit accounts at FDIC-insured institutions. As of December 31, 2022, \$2,445 was uninsured, \$269 of which was collateralized with securities by the financial institution, but not in the Authority's name. As of December 31, 2021, \$1,608 was uninsured, \$186 of which was collateralized with securities by the financial institution, but not in the Authority's name.

## Investments in Securities (in 000's)

At December 31, 2022, the Authority held the following investments with the listed maturities bearing interest at annual rates ranging from 0% to 7.65%. For investments other than Municipal Bonds, where no rating is indicated, the investments are direct obligations issued by the United States Government or its agencies or fully collateralized by such obligations. Municipal Bonds represent the Authority's Other Bonds which are more fully described in Note 8. They are secured by the Bond Resolution Capital Reserve Fund and as such, are a contingent liability of the State of Connecticut. Ratings are displayed with the S&P Global Ratings listed first (if available), the Moody's Investors Service second (if available) and the Fitch Rating last (if available) or NR for not rated.

## December 31, 2022

				Invest	mei	nt Maturities	(in	Years)	
		Amortized Cost, Net Asset Value or Fair Value		Less Than 1		1 - 5		6 -10	More Than 10
CMO	\$	475	\$		\$	33	\$	\$	442
GNMA, FNMA & FHLMC Program Assets		1,903,813				778		19,298	1,883,737
MBS's		90		2		1		87	
Money Market Funds		6,708		6,708					
Municipal Bonds		29,936		321		1,847		2,430	25,338
STIF		1,307,444		1,307,444					
Structured Securities		372				372			
U.S. Government Agency Securities		716							716
FHLB Discount Notes		19,976		19,976					
US Treasury Bills	_	168,401	_	129,445		38,956			
Total Investments Held by All Funds and Component Units	\$ <u>_</u>	3,437,931	\$ <u>_</u>	1,463,896	\$_	41,987	_\$_	21,815 \$	1,910,233
Restricted current assets:									
Capital Reserve Funds	\$	91,438							
Renewal and Replacement Funds		12,518							
All other funds and component units		1,359,940							
Total restricted current assets		1,463,896							
Restricted noncurrent assets:									
Capital Reserve Funds		313,473							
All other funds and component units		1,660,562							
Total restricted noncurrent assets	_	1,974,035							
	_								
Total Investments Held by All Funds									
and Component Units	\$_	3,437,931							

Presented below is the rating for each investment type as of December 31, 2022:

Ratings *	 CMO	Program Assets	MBS's	Money Market	Municipal Bonds	STIF	Structured Securities	U.S. Government Agency Securities	FHLB Discount Notes	US Treasury Bills
AAAm/NR/NR AA+/NR/NR NR/P-1/F1+ NR/Aaa/AAA NR/Aaa/NR NR/Aa2/NR	\$ \$ 442	1,903,813	90	5,638	\$	\$ 1,307,444 \$	\$	716	19,976	168,401
NR/Aa3/AA- NR/Aa3/NR					4,465					
NR/C/NR NR/NR/NR	 33			1,070	25,471		372			
Total	\$ 475 \$	1,903,813 \$	90 \$	6,708	\$ 29,936	\$ 1,307,444 \$	372 \$	716 \$	19,976 \$	168,401

<sup>\*</sup> S&P/Moodys/Fitch

### **Interest Rate Risk**

Exposure to declines in fair value is substantially limited to the Authority's investment in the GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC Program Assets, and US Treasury bills. The Authority's investment policy requires diversification of its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from, among other things, an over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity. This policy also requires the Authority to attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements and to seek diversification by staggering maturities in such a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector.

### **Credit Risk**

The Authority's investments are limited under the Act to (i) United States Government obligations, including its agencies or instrumentalities, (ii) investments guaranteed by the State of Connecticut, (iii) participation certificates for the investment pool administered by the State Treasurer or (iv) other obligations which are legal investments for savings banks in the State of Connecticut. The Money Market Funds are fully collateralized by obligations issued by the United States Government or its agencies. Mortgage Backed Securities ("MBSs") are fully collateralized by the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA"), the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC") or the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), and Collateralized Mortgage Obligations ("CMOs") are fully collateralized by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") mortgage pools. Structured Securities are fully collateralized by Manufactured Housing Sales Contracts and Installment Loan Agreements. At December 31, 2022, one CMO (fair value \$33) and one Structured Security (fair value \$372) were below Investment Grade rating standards. At December 31, 2021, one CMO (fair value \$85) and one Structured Security (fair value \$270) were below Investment Grade rating standards. At the time of their initial purchase, these two investments were classified as Investment Grade.

### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Authority's investment policy requires diversification of its investment portfolio to reduce the risk of loss resulting from, among other things, an over-concentration of assets with a specific issuer. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Authority had no investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments, other than investments guaranteed by the U.S. Government (GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC Program Assets - fair value - \$1,903,813 or 55% in 2022 and \$2,199,619 or 63% in 2021) or the State of Connecticut (STIF – net asset value - \$1,307,444 or 38% in 2022 and \$1,140,450 or 33% in 2021).

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

All investments exist in book entry form and are held by the Trustee or other financial institution in the Authority's name or insured (fair value - \$2,130,487 in 2022 and \$2,345,004 in 2021) with the exception of the STIF (net asset value - \$1,307,444 in 2022 and \$1,140,450 in 2021). The underlying value of the investment in the STIF's pool is the same as the value of the pool's shares. The pool is managed by the Cash Management Division of the State of Connecticut's Treasurer's Office. The State Treasurer set up a cash management advisory board tasked with reviewing the pool's portfolio, performance investment policies and procedures.

## **GNMA, FNMA & FHLMC Program Assets**

Since 1999, the Authority directed certain of its participating lenders to assign government insured Authority qualified home mortgage loans and sold a portion of its existing home mortgage loan portfolio for assembly into pools guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"). GNMA securities were issued backed by these home mortgage loans, and the Authority purchased the securities ("GNMA Program Assets") with funds held in the Housing Mortgage Capital Reserve Fund. In 2000, the Authority expanded this program to allow the purchase of GNMA Program Assets with funds held in the Housing Mortgage General Fund. As a result of this program expansion and in order to assure compliance with Bond Resolution requirements, the Authority transferred the \$331,081 net position held in the Investment Trust Fund to the Housing Mortgage General Fund in 2001. Since 2001, GNMA Program Assets have also been purchased with funds held in the Special Needs Housing Fund and the Special Needs Housing Capital Reserve Fund. In 2013, the Authority directed certain of its participating lenders to assign privately insured Authority qualified conventional home mortgage loans for assembly into pools guaranteed by the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA").

These pools were securitized and are backed by these home mortgage loans. In 2016, the Authority further expanded the program to securitize pools of home mortgage loans guaranteed by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC"). GNMA, FNMA & FHLMC Program Assets are carried at fair value. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the fair value of GNMA, FNMA & FHLMC Program Asset investments was \$1,903,813 and \$2,199,619, respectively.

## **Bond Resolution Capital Reserve Fund (in 000's)**

The Bond Resolution Capital Reserve Fund is established pursuant to the Act and the Bond Resolution and is required to be maintained at an amount at least equal to the amount of principal, sinking fund installments and interest maturing and becoming due in the next succeeding calendar year (\$289,520 at December 31, 2022 and \$362,924 at December 31, 2021) on all bonds of the Authority then outstanding under the Bond Resolution. Further, the Authority may not issue additional bonds under the Bond Resolution unless the amount in the Bond Resolution Capital Reserve Fund is at least equal to the maximum amount of principal, sinking fund installments and interest maturing and becoming due in any succeeding calendar year (\$291,746 at December 31, 2022 and \$364,006 at December 31, 2021) on all bonds of the Authority then outstanding under the Bond Resolution. For purposes of satisfying these requirements, the Act and the Bond Resolution require that investments of the Bond Resolution Capital Reserve Fund be valued at the lowest of par, actual cost or market value. To satisfy this calculation, all variable rate interest payments and receipts are assumed to be based on the average interest rates for the prior twelve months plus 200 basis points, interest payments on swapped bonds are included at the fixed rate on the swaps, and retirement of principal on bonds with mandatory tender dates are assumed in accordance with the sinking fund schedule of each respective bond series resolution.

### Special Needs Indenture Capital Reserve Fund (in 000's)

The Special Needs Indenture Capital Reserve Fund is established pursuant to the Act and the Special Needs Indenture and is required to be maintained at an amount at least equal to the amount of principal, sinking fund installments and interest maturing and becoming due in the next succeeding calendar year (\$4,960 at December 31, 2022 and \$4,914 at December 31, 2021) on all bonds of the Authority then outstanding under the Special Needs Indenture. Further, the Authority may not issue additional bonds under the Special Needs Indenture unless the amount in the Special Needs Indenture Capital Reserve Fund is at least equal to the maximum amount of principal, sinking fund installments and interest maturing and becoming due in any succeeding calendar year (\$5,136 at December 31, 2022 and \$5,136 at December 31, 2021) on all bonds of the Authority then outstanding under the Special Needs Indenture. For purposes of satisfying these requirements, the Act and the Special Needs Indenture require that investments of the Special Needs Indenture Capital Reserve Fund be valued at amortized cost or such other method as determined by the Authority to be reasonable and in the best interest of the bondholders, provided such other method is approved by the trustee and any applicable bond insurer.

Restricted funds of the Bond Resolution and Special Needs Indenture Capital Reserve Funds consisted of the following:

					Decei	mbe	r 31,			
			2022					2021		_
			Special			_		Special		
		Bond	Needs				Bond	Needs		
		Resolution	 Indenture	_	Total	<u> </u>	Resolution	 Indenture		Total
Investment in securities	\$	399,672	\$ 5,239	\$	404,911	\$	473,003	\$ 5,461	\$	478,464
Accrued interest receivable		1,389	 22	_	1,411	_	828	 6		834
Total Capital Reserve Funds	\$	401,061	\$ 5,261	\$_	406,322	\$_	473,831	\$ 5,467	\$_	479,298
Restricted current assets:										
Investments in securities	\$	86,980	\$ 4,458	\$	91,438	\$	106,596	\$ 4,515	\$	111,111
Accrued interest receivable		1,389	22		1,411		828	6		834
Total restricted current assets	•	88,369	 4,480	_	92,849	_	107,424	4,521		111,945
Restricted noncurrent assets:										
Investments in securities		312,692	 781	_	313,473	_	366,407	 946	_	367,353
Total Capital Reserve Funds	\$	401,061	\$ 5,261	\$_	406,322	\$_	473,831	\$ 5,467	\$_	479,298

## **Special Needs Housing Renewal and Replacement Funds**

The Special Needs Housing Renewal and Replacement Funds are established pursuant to the Act and the Special Needs Indenture to provide funding for capital repairs and replacements exceeding \$2,500 for group homes, assisted living facilities and supportive housing facilities financed with the proceeds of bonds issued under the Special Needs Indenture. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of restricted funds of the Special Needs Housing Renewal and Replacement Funds consisted of the following (in 000's):

	_	2022	 2021
Cash and cash equivalents Investments in securities	\$	12,518	\$ 11,833
Accrued interest receivable	-	46	 1
Total Special Needs Housing Renewal and Replacement Funds	\$_	12,564	\$ 11,834

### **NOTE 5 - MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE**

The Authority makes single family and multifamily loans to residents and companies domiciled in the State of Connecticut. All such loans are collateralized by real estate located in the State of Connecticut. The majority of the Authority's loan portfolio is comprised of residential mortgages made to low and moderate income borrowers.

The Authority has entered into agreements with various banks and other financial institutions for the servicing of the majority of its home mortgage loan portfolio. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, 26% and 28%, respectively, of this portfolio was serviced by one financial institution.

Mortgage loans consisted of the following (in 000's):

		December 31,				
		2022		2021		
Home mortgage loans						
Insured by the Federal Housing Administration or guaranteed by						
the Veterans Administration	\$	869,255	\$	968,337		
Insured by private mortgage insurance companies		101,126		78,860		
Uninsured reverse annuity mortgage loans		1,359		1,343		
Uninsured, State of Connecticut supported EMAP loans		50,326		53,457		
Uninsured, State of Connecticut supported TTO loans		18,744				
Uninsured, not guaranteed		264,896		276,195		
Total home mortgage loans	_	1,305,706	_	1,378,192		
Multifamily mortgage loans						
Completed developments:						
Insured by the Federal Housing Administration or guaranteed						
by private insurer		25,343		25,982		
Uninsured, federally subsidized		330,583		342,516		
Uninsured, State of Connecticut subsidized special needs						
housing mortgage loans		63,261		65,917		
Uninsured, unsubsidized, not guaranteed		1,038,166		988,168		
Total completed developments	_	1,457,353	_	1,422,583		
Construction mortgage loans:						
Uninsured, unsubsidized		112,912		152,952		
Total construction mortgage loans		112,912	_	152,952		
Total multifamily mortgage loans		1,570,265		1,575,535		
Less allowance for losses		(369,929)		(355,121)		
Total investments in mortgage loans	\$ <u></u>	2,506,042	\$_	2,598,606		
Restricted current assets	\$	122,050	\$	183,503		
Restricted noncurrent assets	_	2,383,992		2,415,103		
Total mortgage loans receivable	\$	2,506,042	\$	2,598,606		

### Single Family

The Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") home mortgage program insures the repayment of the unpaid principal amount of the mortgages. HUD will pay debenture interest on the unpaid principal balance from the date of default to the date of initial claim settlement. Debenture interest is determined by the monthly average yield for the month in which the default on the mortgage occurred, on United States Treasury Securities, adjusted to a constant maturity of 10 years. The debenture rate may be less than that of the insured mortgage.

The Veterans Administration ("VA") mortgage program provides limited guarantees subject to the amount of the entitlement a veteran has available. For loans between \$45,000 and \$144,000, the minimum VA guarantee amount is \$22,500, with a maximum guarantee of up to 40% of the loan up to \$36,000. For loans of more than \$144,000, the maximum VA guarantee is 25% of the loan amount.

EMAP Loan repayments are made by the homeowner in accordance with the provisions of Connecticut General Statutes § 8-265bb through 8-265kk. These repayments are to be used solely for the benefit of the EMAP program. Debt service on bonds issued under the Special Needs Indenture for the purpose of financing EMAP Loans is paid by the State of Connecticut.

The current average interest rate of the Authority's outstanding single family portfolio is 3.96% with an original 30 year payment term.

## **Multifamily**

Through the issuance of bonds under the Special Needs Indenture and/or amounts received from the State of Connecticut, the Authority has made special needs housing mortgage loans to (i) finance community based residential facilities for persons with intellectual disabilities ("Group Home"), (ii) finance projects for assisted living communities for residents who need help with one or more activities of daily living ("Assisted Living Facility"), (iii) finance residential facility housing for up to one or more persons or families that are homeless or at risk of homelessness ("Supportive Housing Facility") and (iv) provide financial assistance to homeowners at risk of foreclosure ("EMAP Loan"). Mortgage loan repayments for the Group Home, Assisted Living Facility and Supportive Housing Facility (collectively the "Special Needs Housing Loans") which require regularly scheduled payments are made through subsidies received from the State of Connecticut. For Special Needs Housing Loans that do not require regularly scheduled payments, the debt service on the bonds is paid by the State of Connecticut.

The Authority has entered into a risk-sharing agreement with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") whereby HUD will provide partial mortgage insurance on affordable multifamily housing projects processed by the Authority. The risk of loss to the Authority varies from 10% to 50% or more depending on the level of participation by HUD.

Construction loans earn interest at rates ranging from 0% to 5.66% at December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and will generally be payable over 2 years. The related permanent mortgage loan will typically be provided by the Authority. Permanent loans earn interest at rates ranging from 0% to 10.5% at December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and will generally be payable over 40 years.

On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared a national emergency with respect to the COVID-19 pandemic. In addition, the United States Congress enacted several COVID-19 related bills, including the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act"), which was signed into law on March 27, 2020 and the Consolidated Appropriations Act (the "COVID Relief Act"), which was signed into law on December 27, 2020. Among other things, the CARES Act provides that (a) lenders are prohibited from foreclosing all mortgage loans which are FHA insured, VA, HUD or RD guaranteed, or purchased or securitized by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac (collectively, "Federal Single Family Loans") for a certain number of days. This prohibition was extended numerous times since March 27, 2020, however, expired as of July 31, 2021.

The CARES Act also provides that borrowers of multifamily or affordable housing mortgage loans (other than temporary loans, i.e., constructions loans), which are (a) insured, guaranteed, supplemented or assisted in any way by the federal government (including any HUD program or related program) or administered by any federal agency or (b) purchased or securitized by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac (collectively, "Federal Multifamily Loans") may request forbearance.

To further prevent the spread of COVID-19, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (the "CDC"), located within the Department of Health and Human Services, issued an order on September 4, 2020, entitled "Temporary Halt in Residential Evictions" (85 Fed. Reg. 55,292), under Section 361 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 264), preventing any entity with a legal right to pursue eviction, or other possessory action, from evicting certain covered persons from residential properties. This order was extended a few times since September 4<sup>th</sup>, however, ultimately expired on September 30, 2021.

The Authority instituted its own forbearance program to supplement the relevant federal guidelines and help its multifamily and single family borrowers that were not subject to such guidelines. As of December 31, 2022 there were no multifamily loans in forbearance. The number of single family loans in forbearance has been steadily declining and is currently 0.43% of our whole loan portfolio.

### **NOTE 6 - REAL ESTATE OWNED**

## Real Estate Owned (in 000's)

		December 31,										
			2022									
	_	Single Family	Multifamily		Total	Single Family	Multifamily		Total			
Real estate owned Allowance for losses	\$_	2,330 \$ (56)	2,300	\$	4,630 \$ (56)	2,329 \$ (36)	2,300	\$_	4,629 (36)			
Real Estate Owned- Carrying Amount	\$ <u>_</u>	2,274_\$	2,300	\$	4,574 \$	2,293_\$	2,300	\$_	4,593			

With respect to single family real estate owned, the majority of such assets are at least partially insured or guaranteed by outside parties. It is anticipated that the Authority will recover substantially all of the balance of these assets through such insurance and from proceeds from the sale of the underlying properties.

With respect to multifamily real estate owned, the Authority is holding such assets for subsequent sale in a manner that will allow the maximization of value. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, one property remained in the multifamily real estate owned portfolio.

### **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows (in 000's):

		Balance January 1, 2022		Additions		Deletions	Balance December 31, 2022
Capital Assets:	_				_		
Land	\$	851	\$		\$		851
Building		2,851					2,851
Improvements		2,085					2,085
Computer software	_	2,669		1,592	_		4,261
		8,456		1,592			10,048
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(5,147)		(296)	_		(5,443)
Capital Assets, Net	\$_	3,309	\$_	1,296	\$_		4,605
		Balance January 1, 2021		Additions		Deletions	Balance December 31, 2021
Capital Assets:	_		_		_		
Land	\$	851	\$		\$		851
Building		2,851					2,851
Improvements		2,085					2,085
Computer software	_	2,267	_	670	_	(268)	2,669
		8,054		670		(268)	8,456
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(4,950)	_	(465)	_	268	(5,147)
Capital Assets, Net	\$_	3,104	\$_	205	\$_		3,309

### **NOTE 8 - BONDS AND LINE OF CREDIT INDEBTEDNESS**

The Act authorizes the Authority to issue its own bonds and other obligations in such principal amounts as, in the opinion of the Authority, will be necessary to provide sufficient funds for carrying out its purposes. The State legislature enacted legislation that provides the authority to enter into agreements to reduce the rate of borrowing and moderate the effect of bond interest rate fluctuations through the use of contracts commonly known as interest rate swap agreements and similar type contracts. The Authority's obligations are not debt of the State of Connecticut, and the State is not liable thereon.

Included in the Authority's bond portfolio are variable rate demand bonds. The Authority has two mechanisms to ensure the purchase of variable rate demand bonds in the event that the bonds cannot be remarketed.

- 1) The Authority has entered into Standby Bond Purchase Agreements with various providers to purchase the bonds.
- 2) The Authority has entered into a Standby Letter of Credit and Reimbursement Agreement (SBLOC) which provides for the Authority to withdraw funds to directly purchase its own bonds. Upon the successful remarketing of the bonds, the funds are to be reimbursed back to the SBLOC provider. As of December 31, 2022, the amount available under the SBLOC is \$114,327,771. No drawings have been made as of December 31, 2022.

### **Bond Resolution**

Housing Mortgage Finance Program Bonds issued under the Bond Resolution bear fixed interest at rates ranging from 0.0% to 6.274% as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and are subject to certain redemption provisions and mature in years through 2065 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

The following assets of the Authority are pledged for the payment of bond principal and interest under the Bond Resolution: (1) the proceeds derived from the sale of bonds issued under the Bond Resolution, (2) all mortgage repayments with respect to long-term mortgage and construction loans financed, or deemed to have been financed from the Housing Mortgage General Fund, and (3) all monies and securities of the Housing Mortgage General Fund and the Bond Resolution Capital Reserve Fund.

## **Special Needs Indenture**

Special Needs Housing Mortgage Finance Program Bonds issued under the Special Needs Indenture bear fixed interest at rates ranging from 0.40% to 4.70% as of December 31, 2022 and 0.25% to 4.70% as of December 31, 2021, are subject to certain redemption provisions and mature in years through 2051 as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

The following assets of the Authority are pledged for the payment of bond principal and interest under the Special Needs Indenture: (1) the proceeds derived from the sale of bonds issued under the Special Needs Indenture, (2) all mortgage repayments with respect to Special Needs Housing mortgages financed from the Special Needs Housing Fund, and (3) all monies and securities of the Special Needs Housing Fund, the State Assistance Agreement Fund, the EMAP State Assistance Agreement Fund and the Special Needs Housing Capital Reserve Fund.

## SFSOB Resolution, MFSOB Resolution, Single Family Other Bond Resolution and Multifamily Other Bond Resolution

In October 2009, the U.S. Department of Treasury (the "Treasury"), the Federal Housing Finance Agency and Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac (the "GSEs") announced the Federal New Issue Bond Program (the "Federal NIBP") authorized by the Housing Economic Recovery Act of 2008. The Federal NIBP allowed the GSEs to purchase bonds from housing finance agencies (the "HFAs") and package them into GSEguaranteed securities for delivery to and purchase by the Treasury. These HFA bonds were to be issued to finance single family or multifamily mortgage loans. If issued to finance single family loans, the HFA bonds were not to exceed 60% of the bond issue. The HFA bonds were required to be issued at fixed rates to maturity or monthly rate reset bonds that were to convert to rates fixed to maturity in calendar year 2010. In September 2010, the Treasury announced an extension to the end of this conversion period to December 31, 2011. The fixed interest rates were expected to be lower than prevailing interest rates available through a public bond offering. Pursuant to this program and based on an allocation for GSE purchase received from the Treasury, the Authority issued \$191,720,000 in Single Family Special Obligation Bonds under the SFSOB Resolution and \$27,610,000 in Multifamily Special Obligation Bonds under the MFSOB Resolution (collectively, the "NIBP Escrow Bonds") on December 30, 2009 that settled on January 12, 2010. The proceeds of the NIBP Escrow Bonds were held in escrow pending the issuance by the Authority of additional taxable or tax-exempt bonds (the "NIBP Market Bonds"). As of December 31, 2011, all NIBP Escrow Bonds had been converted to long-term fixed rates of interest.

Bonds issued under the SFSOB Resolution and the MFSOB Resolution are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from and secured by assets pledged under the (i) SFSOB Resolution for Single Family Special Obligation Bonds, and (ii) MFSOB Resolution for Multifamily Special Obligation Bonds.

In connection with the Federal NIBP, the Authority has also authorized the Single Family Other Bond Resolution and the Multifamily Other Bond Resolution ("Other Bond Resolutions") to issue bonds ("Other Bonds") secured by the Bond Resolution Capital Reserve Fund under the Bond Resolution. Proceeds of the Other Bonds, the NIBP Escrow Bonds and the NIBP Market Bonds are intended to be used to (i) participate in the purchase or making of single-family or multifamily mortgage loans under the Authority's Housing Mortgage Finance Program, (ii) fund reserves and (iii) pay related bond costs. Bonds issued under the Other Bond Resolutions are general obligations of the Authority.

The SFSOB Resolution was wound down during 2021.

#### **QECB** Resolution

The Authority adopted the Qualified Energy Conservation Bond Resolution ("QECB Resolution") on February 26, 2015. The bond proceeds are intended to be used for energy conservation improvements and replacements for multifamily housing developments owned or managed by participating public housing authorities. Bonds issued under the QECB Resolution are secured by, among others, the loan repayments from the QECB funded loans, the QECB federal tax credit subsidy and are general obligations of the Authority. The Authority will no longer issue bonds under the QECB Resolution due to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017.

Bonds payable as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows (in 000's):

Housing Mortgage Finance P	rogram Bonds		Outstanding Decembe		Amount Due
	Final	Interest Rate	2000111100		Within 1
Publicly Offered	Maturity Date	Range %	2022	2021	Year
1998 Series D	2025	Index	14,700	19,000	4,600
2001 Series D	2027	Index	10,460	12,210	1,850
2004 Series A	2035	Index	4,000	4,000	
2007 Series A	2022	Index		260	
2009 Series D	2039	6.274	54,545	55,230	740
2010 Series G	2022	2.125 - 3.05		11,820	
2012 Series G	2022	2.50		320	
2013 Series B	2034	Variable	18,725	22,490	915
2014 Series A	2044	4.00	840	2,595	
2014 Series B	2044	2.85 - 4.15	46,310	46,925	640
2014 Series C	2044	2.75 - 4.00/Variable	43,860	60,800	1,970
2014 Series D	2044	2.85 - 3.40/Variable	92,545	102,415	6,060
2014 Series F	2054	2.55 - 4.05	38,575	39,455	935
2015 Series A	2045	2.375 - 3.85	76,270	90,990	3,835
2015 Series C	2045	2.65 - 3.50/Variable	71,715	79,895	4,225
2015 Series E	2055	2.20 - 4.00	29,170	29,355	195
2016 Series A	2045	2.20 - 4.00/Variable	125,530	136,970	4,685
2016 Series B	2046	1.90 - 3.55/Variable	129,405	139,535	4,465
2016 Series C	2051	1.70 - 3.50	43,080	44,140	1,120
2016 Series E	2046	2.05 - 3.50/Variable	125,205	134,935	5,140
2016 Series F	2046	1.85 - 3.50/Variable	122,145	141,075	5,830
2016 Series G	2056	1.85 - 3.90	17,430	17,620	200
2017 Series A	2047	2.20 - 4.00/Variable	93,385	108,950	9,080
2017 Series C	2047	1.95 - 4.00/Variable	90,990	112,385	3,590
2017 Series D	2047	1.75 - 4.00/Variable	121,175	135,505	4,000
2017 Series E	2057	1.80 - 3.90	15,455	16,675	1,315
2017 Series F	2047	1.85 - 4.00/Variable	107,320	127,820	4,665
2018 Series A	2048	2.55 - 4.00/Variable	79,765	90,985	3,490
2018 Series B	2048	2.80 - 4.00/Variable	67,050	86,320	50,065
2018 Series C	2048	2.20 - 4.00/Variable	84,535	98,740	49,370
2018 Series D	2058	2.55 - 4.40	31,430	31,740	325
2018 Series E	2048	0.00 - 4.25/Variable	68,735	75,535	47,650
2019 Series A	2049	2.30 - 4.00/Variable	65,915	74,350	2,530
2019 Series B	2049	2.05 - 4.00/Variable	98,765	107,260	36,180
2019 Series D	2049	1.45 - 4.00/Variable	103,065	110,930	2,635
2019 Series E	2059	1.50 - 3.35	84,475	104,700	6,150
2019 Series F	2049	0.00 - 3.50/Variable	113,410	120,600	2,670
2020 Series A	2050	1.035- 3.50/Variable	126,670	135,515	3,445
2020 Series C	2050	0.70 - 5.00/Variable	143,315	151,805	44,185
2020 Series D	2060	0.50 - 2.85	74,915	118,900	1,090
2020 Series E	2050	0.65 - 3.00/Variable	132,735	141,360	19,670
2021 Series A	2038	0.25 - 1.85	178,295	259,335	6,735
2021 Series B	2065	0.20 - 3.00	183,435	195,195	4,945
2021 Series D	2051	1.55 - 5.00	153,280	161,390	4,730
2021 Series E	2061	0.30 - 5.00	126,925	146,515	9,390
2022 Series A	2051	2.15 - 5.00/Index/Variable	202,705		2,335
2022 Series B	2052	2.75 - 5.00	83,890		245
2022 Series C	2052	1.80 - 4.50/Index/Variable	168,500		3,185
2022 Series D	2052	2.85 - 5.00	55,200		105
2022 Series E	2052	2.85 - 5.50/Variable	147,815	0.004.545	1,235
Subtotal		\$	4,067,660 \$	3,904,545 \$	372,415

Housing Mortgage Financ	e Program Bonds (conti	Outstanding Decembe	Amount Due		
Direct Placements	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate Range %	2022	2021	Within 1 Year
2013 Series A	2041	Index	88,130	88,130	
2013 Series C	2046	Index	30,320	30,320	
2016 Series D	2050	3.25	12,080	30,110	235
2019 Series C	2022	Index		100,000	
2021 Series C	2033	Index	201,970	217,590	12,725
2022 Series C	2055	3.31	31,500		
Subtotal			364,000	466,150	12,960
Plus unamortized bond pren	nium		51,740	56,964	
Total Housing Mortgage F	inance Bonds		\$4,483,400_\$_	4,427,659 \$	385,375

The amounts due within one year in the previous table include the total outstanding balance of variable rate demand bond obligations where the standby bond purchase agreements expire within one year of the balance sheet date, although the maturities extend well beyond. The value of these obligations as of December 31, 2022 is \$220,600. It is the intention of the Authority to renew these agreements prior to expiration.

## Special Needs Housing Mortgage Finance Program Special Obligation Bonds

			Outstanding A December		Amount Due
Publicly Offered	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate Range %	2022	2021	Within 1 Year
Series 18	2046	2.95 - 4.45	8,810	9,035	230
Series 19	2035	2.95 - 4.25	7,295	7,840	560
Series 20	2045	2.95 - 4.40	3,330	3,420	95
Series 21	2045	3.10 - 4.70	11,140	11,500	370
Series 23	2048	2.70 - 4.30	3,430	3,510	80
Series 24	2037	2.70 - 4.10	5,390	5,635	255
Series 27	2051	0.40 - 2.65	7,475	7,510	45
Series 28	2040	0.40 - 2.375	15,135	16,470	1,375
Total Special Needs Program Special	s Housing Mortgage Obligation Bonds	e Finance	62,005 \$	64,920 \$	3,010

### **Multifamily Special Obligation Bonds**

			Outstanding A December	Amount Due	
Direct Placements	Final  Maturity Date	Interest Rate Range %	 2022	2021	Within 1 Year
Series 2009-1	2051	2.32	 22,570	23,100	540
Total Multifamily Sp	ecial Obligation Bon	ds	\$ 22,570 \$	23,100	\$540_

## Housing Mortgage Finance Program Bonds (Multifamily) Other Bonds

			Outstanding A December	Amount Due	
Direct Placements	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate Range %	2022	2021	Within 1 Year
2011 Series A 2013 Series A	2055 2053	4.75 5.50/Variable	 1,171 23,990	1,117 24,286	312
Total Housing Mort	gage Finance Progra r Bonds	am Bonds	\$ 25,161 \$	25,403	312

### **Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds**

			Outstanding A December	Amount Due		
Direct Placements	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate Range %	 2022	2021	Within Year	1
2015 Series A (1,2)	2034	4.35	4,023	4,256		247
2016 Series B	2035	3.94	1,764	1,888		126
2016 Series C	2036	3.94	 1,327	1,422		95
Total Qualified Energ	y Conservation Bo	onds	 7,114	7,566		468
Total Bonds Payable	, Net		\$ 4,600,250 \$	4,548,649	\$389	9,705

### **Line of Credit**

On July 15, 2021, CHFA entered into a revolving line of credit with US Bank National Association, proceeds of which were used to acquire single family loan prepayments and redeem the corresponding bonds. The acquired single family loan prepayments were subsequently pledged as collateral pursuant to the agreement. The revolving agreement has a maximum line of credit amount of \$75 million and expires on December 14, 2023. The outstanding line of credit balance bears interest at an index rate which is reset monthly and is currently one-month LIBOR plus 39 basis points. As of December 31, 2022, \$20.4 million of the line of credit was drawn and outstanding.

On November 4, 2021, CHFA entered into a revolving line of credit with Wells Fargo Bank National Association, proceeds of which were used to acquire single family loan prepayments and redeem the corresponding bonds. The acquired single family loan prepayments were subsequently pledged as collateral pursuant to the agreement. The revolving agreement has a maximum line of credit amount of \$100 million and expires on November 3, 2023. The outstanding line of credit balance bears interest at an index rate which is reset monthly and is currently one-month LIBOR plus 28 basis points. As of December 31, 2022, \$100 million of the line of credit was drawn and outstanding.

On April 27, 2022, CHFA entered into a revolving line of credit with Bank of America, N.A., proceeds of which were used as a single-family loan warehouse facility. The revolving agreement has a maximum line of credit amount of \$75 million and expires on April 26, 2024. The outstanding line of credit balance bears interest at an index rate which is reset monthly and is currently one-month BSBY plus 48 basis points. As of December 31, 2022, \$60 million of the line of credit was drawn and outstanding.

### **Conduit Debt**

In furtherance of the Authority's mission, the Authority has issued conduit debt obligations. The outstanding principal balances of conduit debt obligations as of December 31, 2022 include four Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds totaling \$26,414,145, one series totaling \$2,826,557 of Multifamily Housing Revenue Notes, and four series totaling \$61,305,000 of State-Supported Special Obligation Bonds. The outstanding principal balances of conduit debt obligations as of December 31, 2021 include four Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds totaling \$28,808,493, one series totaling \$2,865,419 of Multifamily Housing Revenue Notes, and four series totaling \$68,810,000 of State-Supported Special Obligation Bonds. The issuance of these obligations does not create or imply any indebtedness on the part of the Authority. Each issue requires that the funds related to such issue be held by a trustee for the bondholders; therefore, such funds are not under the control of the Authority, and, accordingly, the Authority's financial statements do not reflect the balances or operating results of the various trust accounts.

## **Debt Service Requirements**

The following tables provide a summary of debt service requirements and net swap payments for the next five years and in five-year increments thereafter (in 000's). The interest calculations are based on the variable rates in effect on December 31, 2022 and may not be indicative of the actual interest expense that will be incurred.

		Fixed-Pul	olic	y Offered	Variable-Publicly Offered					Fixed - Direct Placements				
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Interest Rate Swaps, Net	_	Principal	_	Interest	
2023	\$	142,080	\$	87,953	\$ 9,735	\$	43,420	\$	(4,308)	\$	235	\$	1,433	
2024		145,545		84,551	9,700		42,974		(4,618)		250		1,426	
2025		127,650		81,192	12,645		42,475		(4,881)		260		1,417	
2026		126,565		78,087	10,460		41,938		(5,193)		270		1,409	
2027		116,375		75,081	10,600		41,493		(5,506)		285		1,400	
2028-2032		616,625		328,205	134,565		196,548		(29,492)		1,605		6,852	
2033-2037		569,955		240,343	220,595		160,592		(28,274)		1,990		6,564	
2038-2042		445,795		154,826	239,770		116,771		(20,727)		2,455		6,208	
2043-2047		342,655		82,157	352,035		66,055		(11,136)		10,205		5,578	
2048-2052		203,495		30,900	157,850		9,100		(1,225)		21,490		2,635	
2053-2057		48,500		7,402	-		-		-		4,535		165	
2058-2062		23,785		1,454	-		-		-		-		-	
2063-2067	•	680		27		_	-	_		-		_		
Total	\$	2,909,705	\$	1,252,178	\$ 1,157,955	\$_	761,366	\$_	(115,360)	\$	43,580	\$_	35,087	

	_	Bond Resolution											
	_	Variable - Direct Placements						Total Bond Resolution					
Year Ending						Interest Rate							
December 31,	-	Principal	_	Interest		Swaps, Net	-	Principal		Interest	-	Total	
2023	\$	12,725	\$	15,332	\$	969	\$	164,775	\$	144,799	\$	309,574	
2024		14,405		15,191		1,125		169,900		140,649		310,549	
2025		16,910		14,475		1,267		157,465		135,945		293,410	
2026		22,300		13,558		1,094		159,595		130,893		290,488	
2027		22,135		12,452		912		149,395		125,832		275,227	
2028-2032		100,335		46,316		2,237		853,130		550,666		1,403,796	
2033-2037		68,085		26,038		30		860,625		405,293		1,265,918	
2038-2042		42,550		10,790		-		730,570		267,868		998,438	
2043-2047		20,975		3,786		-		725,870		146,440		872,310	
2048-2052		-		-		-		382,835		41,410		424,245	
2053-2057		-		-		-		53,035		7,567		60,602	
2058-2062		-		-		-		23,785		1,454		25,239	
2063-2067	_		_				_	680		27	_	707	
Total	\$_	320,420	\$_	157,938	\$	7,634	\$_	4,431,660	\$	2,098,843	\$_	6,530,503	

	-	Special Ne Fixed-Pub			MFSOB Fixed-Pub	_		
Year Ending December 31,		Principal	- <u>-</u>	Interest		Principal	. <u>-</u>	Interest
2023	\$	3,010	\$	1,950	\$	540	\$	521
2024		3,120		1,894		560		508
2025		3,250		1,829		580		495
2026		3,380		1,757		600		482
2027		3,200		1,677		610		467
2028-2032		14,570		7,044		3,450		2,110
2033-2037		12,925		4,650		4,070		1,678
2038-2042		10,860		2,414		4,850		1,166
2043-2047		5,875		743		5,770		557
2048-2052		1,815		86		1,540		39
2053-2057								
2058-2062	_							
Total	\$_	62,005	\$_	24,044	\$_	22,570	\$_	8,023

	-	Other Bon Fixed - Dire			 QECB Fixed - Dir	-			
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	312	\$	1,310	\$ 468	\$	292	\$	317,977
2024		330		1,292	483		272		319,008
2025		349		1,273	500		252		301,938
2026		368		1,254	516		231		299,076
2027		389		1,233	534		209		283,546
2028-2032		2,300		5,809	2,953		694		1,442,726
2033-2037		3,027		5,083	1,660		110		1,299,121
2038-2042		3,982		4,128					1,025,838
2043-2047		5,239		2,870					893,364
2048-2052		7,525		1,667					436,917
2053-2057		1,340		3,499					65,441
2058-2062									25,239
2063-2067									707
Total	\$	25,161	\$_	29,418	\$ 7,114	\$_	2,060	\$_	6,710,898

## **Objective of the Interest Rate Swaps**

The Authority employs swaps to establish synthetic fixed rates for a portion of its variable rate bond obligations. The Authority's interest rate swap transactions are structured for the Authority to pay a fixed interest rate while receiving variable interest rates from the counterparties which are comparable to the rates required by the variable rate bonds. These synthetic fixed rates were lower than those available to the Authority from fixed rate obligations of comparable maturity. The proceeds of these transactions are generally used to make fixed rate mortgage loans. As the objective of the derivative instruments entered into was to hedge changes in cash flows for each bond series, they are classified as cash flow hedges.

#### **Terms**

The Authority has entered into amortizing interest rate swap agreements under the Bond Resolution in which the Authority owes a fixed payment to the counterparties of the swaps. In return, the counterparties owe the Authority a payment based on common indices such as the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association Municipal Swap Index ("SIFMA") or the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") that is comparable to the rates required by the Authority's bonds. Only the net difference in interest payments is actually exchanged between the Authority and the counterparties. The Authority's amortizing interest rate swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are projected to follow scheduled or anticipated reductions in bonds payable. The Authority did not pay or receive any cash when the swap transactions were initiated.

On October 23, 2020, the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) published its IBOR Fallbacks Protocol and Supplement to the 2006 ISDA Definitions in anticipation of the expected discontinuation of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) at the end of 2021. While the use of the Protocol and the Supplement is voluntary, the Authority agreed and adhered to the Protocol on January 19, 2021 to avoid any market disruption. On November 30, 2020, the ICE Benchmark Administration and the Financial Conduct Authority announced that most tenors of US Dollar LIBOR including the 1 month and the 3 month, would continue to be published through June 30, 2023.

The terms, fair values and credit ratings of outstanding swaps as of December 31, 2022 were as follows (in 000's):

								Count	erparty
Associated Bond Issue	Effective Date	Notional Amount	Fixed Rate Paid	Variable Rate Received		Fair Value	Termination Date	Credit Rating *	% of Total Outstanding
1998 Series D-4	7/1/98	\$ 14,700	6.320%	100% 3M LIBOR	\$	(420)	11/15/25		
2016 Series B-4	8/15/08	9,855	3.849%	67% 3M LIBOR	•	(1,326)	11/15/38		
2016 Series B-4	8/15/08	8,925	3.855%	67% 3M LIBOR		(859)	11/15/33		
2016 Series F-5	7/1/98	7,800	4.870%	100% 1W SIFMA		(854)	11/15/28		
2016 Series F-5	8/15/08 7/11/01	27,550	3.845% 4.310%	67% 3M LIBOR		(2,632)	11/15/33		
2017 Series C-3 & 2018 Series C-3 2018 Series C-3, 2018 Series C-4, 2018 Series E-2	11/15/18	15,775 19,211	2.471%	67% 1M LIBOR 67% 3M LIBOR		(736) 1,340	5/15/32 11/15/48		
2021 Series C	7/11/01	10,460	5.820%	167% 1M LIBOR-SIFMA		(541)	11/15/27		
Total Bank of America, N.A.		114,276			-	(6,028)		A+/Aa2/AA	12.07%
2001 Series D-5	12/20/01	10,460	5.360%	167% 3M LIBOR-SIFMA		(341)	11/15/27		
2021 Series C	12/20/01	37,360	4.090%	67% 1M LIBOR		(3,093)	5/15/33		
2021 Series C	8/15/08	14,740	3.852%	67% 3M LIBOR		(500)	11/15/28		
2014 Series D-3	2/18/09	20,615	3.433%	67% 3M LIBOR		(1,346)	11/15/34		
2017 Series D-3, 2017 Series F-3, 2018 Series A-3 2017 Series D-3, 2018 Series A-3, 2018 Series B-3	5/15/18 2/18/09	40,160 61,010	2.248% 3.430%	70% 3M LIBOR 67% 3M LIBOR		3,946 (3,580)	5/15/48 11/15/38		
2018 Series B-3	6/4/18	7,828	2.500%	70% 3M LIBOR		1,354	11/15/48		
2022 Series A-3	3/24/22	15,000	2.173%	100% 1W SIFMA		1,001	5/15/31		
Total Bank of New York Mellon		207,173			-	(2,559)		AA-/Aa2/AA	21.87%
2021 Series C	6/5/02	25,000	5.740%	167% 1M LIBOR- SIFMA		(3,287)	5/15/33		
2018 Series C-3 & 2018 Series C-4	6/5/02	14,625	4.352%	67% 1M LIBOR		(1,158)	5/15/33		
2019 Series F-2	10/29/19	26,250	1.708%	100% 1W SIFMA		5,375	11/15/49		
Total Citibank, NA		65,875			-	930		A+/Aa3/A+	6.96%
2013 Series C, 2021 Series C	2/26/14	36,950	2.776%	100% 1M LIBOR		881	5/15/24		
2017 Series C-3 & 2017 Series F-3	8/1/02	33,010	3.981%	67% 1M LIBOR		(2,223)	5/15/33		
2018 Series C-3 & 2018 Series C-4	3/7/01	8,970	4.120%	67% 1M LIBOR		(595)	5/15/32		
2021 Series C	3/7/01	18,760	5.475%	167% 1M LIBOR-SIFMA	-	(1,995)	5/15/32		
Total Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine		97,690			-	(3,932)		AA-/Aa2/NR	10.31%
2013 Series B-6 & 2016 Series E	6/15/15	31,975	2.0515%	67% 3M LIBOR		1,292	11/15/35		
2015 Series C	8/6/15	45,000	2.3625%	70% 1M LIBOR		3,151	11/15/45		
2016 Series A	11/16/15	40,000	2.1325%	67% 3M LIBOR		3,353	11/15/45		
2016 Series B-4 2016 Series E-3	11/15/18 8/25/16	21,220 24,810	2.1400% 1.7970%	70% 1M LIBOR 67% 3M LIBOR		2,132 3,669	11/15/46 11/15/46		
2017 Series A-3	3/2/17	38,000	2.3350%	67% 3M LIBOR		2,851	11/15/47		
2019 Series A-2	3/5/19	5,000	1.8600%	67% 3M LIBOR		222	5/15/29		
2019 Series B-2 & 2019 Series B-3	5/9/19	25,270	1.9990%	67% 3M LIBOR		1,968	11/15/43		
2020 Series C-3	8/13/20	30,000	1.2660%	100% 1W SIFMA		9,775	11/15/50		
2022 Series C-2	7/21/22	15,000	2.9980%	100% 1W SIFMA	_	744	11/15/37		
Total Royal Bank of Canada		276,275			=	29,157		AA-/Aa1/AA-	29.17%
2014 Series C & 2020 Series E 2018 Series E-2, 2017 Series C-3, 2018 Series C-3	12/17/20	26,475	0.723%	100% 1W SIFMA		4,118	11/15/30		
& 2018 Series C-4	11/15/18	19,214	2.242%	67% 3M LIBOR		472	11/15/28		
2018 Series B-3	6/4/18	7,827	2.071%	70% 3M LIBOR	-	311	5/15/28	A A . /A = Q /A A	F 050/
Total TD Bank, NA	2/5/10	53,516	2 2000/	670/ 2M LIBOD	=	4,901	5/15/49	AA-/Aa2/AA-	5.65%
2019 Series A-2 & 2019 Series A-3 2019 Series D-3	3/5/19 8/8/19	18,500 26,230	2.290% 1.4725%	67% 3M LIBOR 67% 3M LIBOR	-	1,297 3,930	11/15/43		
Total US Bank		44,730			-	5,227		AA-/A1/AA-	4.72%
2016 Series F-5	11/15/16	13,150	1.820%	67% 3M LIBOR		2,035	11/15/46		
2017 Series F-3	10/4/00	17,715	5.397%	100% 1W SIFMA		(1,578)	11/15/31		
2021 Series C & 2020 Series A-3 2022 Series E-2	3/2/06 11/10/22	34,210 22,500	3.4175% 3.848%	67% 3M LIBOR 100% 1W SIFMA		(1,765) (681)	5/15/36 11/15/37		
Total Wells Fargo Bank, NA	11/10/22	87,575	J.U+0 /0	10070 TW SIFIVIA	-	(1,989)	11/13/37	A+/Aa2/AA-	9.25%
Portfolio Total	9	947,110			\$	25,707			100.00%
					· =				

<sup>\*</sup> S&P/Moody's/Fitch

The changes of fair value of outstanding swaps from December 31, 2021 to December 31, 2022 were as follows (in 000's):

Associate d Bond Issue	Fair Value 12/31/2022	Fair Value 12/31/2021	Change in Fair Value
1998 Series D-4 **	\$ (420)	\$ (2,320)	\$ 1,900
2016 Series B-4	(1,326)	(3,454)	2,128
2016 Series B-4	(859)	(2,310)	1,451
2016 Series F-5	(2,632)	(7,103)	4,471
2016 Series F-5 **	(854)	(1,699)	845
2017 Series C-3 & 2018 Series C-3 **	(736)	(2,700)	1,964
2018 Series C-3, 2018 Series C-4, 2018 Series E-2	1,340	(6,226)	7,566
2021 Series C **	(541)	(1,989)	1,448
Total Bank of America, N.A.	(6,028)	(27,801)	21,773
2001 Series D-5	(341)	(1,731)	1,390
2021 Series C	(3,093)	(8,543)	5,450
2021 Series C	(500)	(1,935)	1,435
2014 Series D-3	(1,346)	(4,580)	3,234
2017 Series D-3, 2017 Series F-3, 2018 Series A-3	3,946	(8,241)	12,187
2017 Series D-3, 2018 Series A-3, 2018 Series B-3	(3,580)	(12,801)	9,221
2018 Series B-3	1,354	(3,064)	4,418
2022 Series A-3	1,001	- (40, 205)	1,001
Total Bank of New York Mellon	(2,559)	(40,895)	38,336
2021 Series C	(3,287)	(7,768)	4,481
2018 Series C-3 & 2018 Series C-4	(1,158)	(2,934)	1,776
2019 Series F-2	5,375	(543)	5,918
Total Citibank, NA	930	(11,245)	12,175
2013 Series C, 2021 Series C	881	(1,811)	2,692
2017 Series C-3 & 2017 Series F-3	(2,223)	(5,940)	3,717
2018 Series C-3 & 2018 Series C-4	(595)	(1,759)	1,164
2021 Series C  Total Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine	(1,995)	(5,176) (14,686)	3,181 10,754
		<del></del>	
2013 Series B-6 & 2016 Series E	1,292	(1,323)	2,615
2015 Series C	3,151	(2,326)	5,477
2016 Series A 2016 Series B-4	3,353 2,132	(1,355) (1,230)	4,708 3,362
2016 Series E-3	3,669	102	3,567
2017 Series A-3	2,851	(2,030)	4,881
2019 Series A-2	222	(315)	537
2019 Series B-2 & 2019 Series B-3	1,968	(2,097)	4,065
2020 Series C-3	9,775	3,506	6,269
2022 Series C-2	744	<u>-</u>	744
Total Royal Bank of Canada	29,157	(7,068)	36,225
2014 Series C & 2020 Series E 2018 Series E-2, 2017 Series C-3, 2018 Series C-3	4,118	1,112	3,006
& 2018 Series C-4	472	(1,979)	2,451
2018 Series B-3	311	(610)	921
Total TD Bank, NA	4,901	(1,477)	6,378
2019 Series A-2 & 2019 Series A-3	4 207	(2.257)	2.654
2019 Series A-2 & 2019 Series A-3 2019 Series D-3	1,297 3,930	(2,357) (184)	3,654 4,114
Total US Bank	5,227	(2,541)	7,768
2016 Series F-5	2,035	(2,874)	4,909
2017 Series F-3	(1,578)	(3,859)	2,281
2021 Series C & 2020 Series A-3	(1,765)	(6,490)	4,725
2022 Series E-2	(681)	-	(681)
Total Wells Fargo Bank, NA	(1,989)	(13,223)	11,234
Portfolio Total	\$ 25,707	\$ (118,936)	\$ 144,643

<sup>\*\*</sup>Contract novated from Merrill Lynch Capital Services during 2022

### **Fair Value**

There is a multi-step process in determining the fair value of the Authority's swap portfolio. The first step is to determine the settlement price utilizing the Income Approach from "mid market" pricing data. Such data consists primarily of observable quotes from the over-the-counter swap markets that fall into Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The second step is to determine the credit valuation adjustment ("CVA"). The purpose of the CVA is to quantify the nonperformance risk of the reporting entity as well as the nonperformance risk of the counterparty. Default probabilities are derived from credit default swap quotes or generic ratings based on borrowing curves that fall into Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. In the final step, to determine fair value, the settlement price is adjusted by the CVAs of both the reporting entity's and counterparty's payment obligations. The aggregate fair value of the Authority's swap agreements was \$25,706,799 as of December 31, 2022.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit exposure arises when the fair value of a swap is positive due to the obligation of the counterparty to make payment to the Authority in the event of termination. Counterparty credit risk is lessened due to the Authority's broad diversification approach. As of December 31, 2022, the fair value of approximately half of the agreements in the portfolio was positive. The Authority's existing counterparties, however, have credit ratings no lower than Aa3 by Moody's or AA- as rated by S&P. These minimum ratings are also a condition of the Authority entering into any new contracts, the requirement of which is dictated by the credit quality provision of the Authority's derivative transaction policy.

### **Basis Risk**

Basis risk is the risk that there may be a difference between the floating rate component of the swap, which is based on indices that consist of taxable or tax-exempt market-wide averages, and the rate on the Authority's variable rate bonds, which is based on that specific bond issue. CHFA's basis risk is within the Authority's acceptable tolerance levels.

### **Termination Risk**

Counterparties to the Authority's interest rate swap agreements have default termination rights that may require settlement payments by the Authority or by the counterparty based on the fair value of the swap at the date of termination. As of December 31, 2022, no termination events requiring settlement payments have occurred.

### **Rollover Risk**

The Authority's interest rate swap agreements have limited rollover risk because the swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts which are expected to follow scheduled and anticipated reductions in the associated bonds payable. As of December 31, 2022, fifteen of the Authority's outstanding interest rate swap agreements provided the Authority with full or partial termination rights requiring no settlement payments to accommodate unexpected faster paydowns of the associated bonds as a result of higher repayment of home mortgage loans.

### **Contingencies**

Thirty-eight of the Authority's forty-two interest rate swap agreements (outstanding notional amount \$849,420,500, fair value \$29,638,720) at December 31, 2022, require the Authority to post collateral in the event that the fair value of the interest rate swap falls below specific declining thresholds based on declines in the Authority's credit rating. As of December 31, 2022, the Authority's ratings remain at AAA/Aaa (S&P/Moody's) and therefore, was not required to post collateral for any of its outstanding swaps.

## **Refunding Bonds**

The schedule below summarizes the cash flow savings and economic gain resulting from the Authority's issuance of fixed rate refunding bonds under the Bond Resolution in 2022 and 2021:

Refunded Issue (s)	Refunding Issue	Cash Flow Savings Over Life of Refunding Issue	Economic Gain Over Life of Refunding Issue
2022			
2010 Series G	2022 Series A Subseries A-2	\$ 1,011,311	\$ 560,916
<u>2021</u>			
2012 Series C-1	2021 Series A Subseries A-1	\$ 9,360,716	\$ 9,086,723
2012 Series C-2	2021 Series A Subseries A-2	701,429	530,988
2012 Series A	2021 Series A Subseries A-3	553,728	3,616,251
2012 Series D-1 SFSOB 2011-2	2021 Series B Subseries B-1	(3,237,849)	289,692
2012 Series B-1	2021 Series B Subseries B-2	1,749,919	1,636,829
2011 Series F-1	2021 Series B Subseries B-3	3,854,277	3,266,874
2012 Series F-1	2021 Series D Subseries D-1	1,835,881	5,011,106
2012 Series F-2	2021 Series D Subseries D-2	605,372	530,608
2012 Series G-1	2021 Series E Subseries E-1	2,993,080	2,995,224
2012 Series G-4	2021 Series E Subseries E-2	1,040,784	738,325
2012 Series D-3	2021 Series E Subseries E-5	4,157,693	1,763,537

### **NOTE 9 - CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The changes in long-term liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows (in 000's):

	_	Balance January 1, 2022	_	Increase	_	Decrease		Balance December 31, 2022
Escrow deposits	\$	155,674	\$	89,360	\$	(45,688)	\$	199,346
Bonds payable, publicly offered		3,530,245		661,540		(385,805)		3,805,980
Bonds payable, direct placement Derivative instruments-		520,811		31,554		(147,800)		404,565
interest rate swaps		118,936				(118,936)		
Net OPEB liability		77,331		14,788		(40,846)		51,273
Net pension liability	-	64,880	_	1,686	_	(16,455)		50,111
	\$ <u>_</u>	4,467,877	\$_	798,928	\$_	(755,530)	\$	4,511,275
	_	Balance January 1, 2021	_	Increase	_	Decrease	•	Balance December 31, 2021
Escrow deposits	\$	154,651	\$	34,155	\$	(33,132)	\$	155,674
Bonds payable, publicly offered		3,940,021		716,337		(1,126,113)		3,530,245
Bonds payable, direct placement Derivative instruments-		513,213		206,483		(198,885)		520,811
interest rate swaps		176,384				(57,448)		118,936
•		170,004		00.007		, ,		
Net OPEB liability		82.371		20.937		(25.977)		(/,331
Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	_	82,371 70,480	_	20,937 3,226	_	(25,977) (8,826)	•	77,331 64,880

## NOTE 10 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The Authority reports interfund balances among its funds which are reflected on the combining schedule of net position as "due from/due to other funds/component units". These balances generally consist of accruals of various revenues or expenses due to a fund, but received or paid to another, and transfers between funds to meet liquidity requirements. These transactions and resulting year-end interfund balances have been eliminated in the accompanying combining financial statements. The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General and Capital Reserve Fund	Multifamily Real Estate Owned Multifamily Special Obligation Bond Fund	\$	2,300,000 117,654
		\$_	2,417,654

During the year, operating transfers are used to reallocate or move resources from one fund to another and are reflected on the combining schedule of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

#### **NOTE 11 - OTHER LIABILITIES**

On certain bond issues, the Authority's earnings from the investment of bond proceeds are limited per Federal Income Tax rules. Yields in excess of Federal Limits are payable to the U.S. Treasury and are recorded as a liability. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Authority had no such liability.

### **NOTE 12 - NET POSITION**

Net position consisted of the following (in 000's):

	December 31,			
	2022		2021	
General and Capital Reserve Funds:  Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,605	\$	3,309	
General and Capital Reserve Funds	659,124		968,564	
Other Funds: Housing Mortgage Insurance Fund	3,747		3,670	
Multifamily Special Obligation Bond and Other Bond Funds	3,412		3,203	
Special Needs Housing Funds	36,907		31,719	
Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds Component Units:	610		513	
CHFA-Small Properties, Inc.	 1,911	_	1,282	
	\$ 710,316	\$	1,012,260	

### **NOTE 13 - PENSION PLAN**

## **Plan Description**

Eligible employees of the Authority participate in the Connecticut State Employees' Retirement System ("SERS") which is administered by the State Employees' Retirement Commission. SERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system ("PERS") established in 1939 and governed by Sections 5-152 to 5-192 of the Connecticut General Statutes. Detailed information about the total Plan's funding status and progress, contributions required and fiduciary net position can be found in the Connecticut State Employees' Retirement System GASB Statement 68 Report available at www.osc.ct.gov/rbsd/reports/index.html.

SERS provides retirement, disability and health benefits, and annual cost-of-living allowances to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employees are covered under one of five tiers. All Authority employees are classified as non-hazardous duty. A summary of plan benefits and required contributions for non-hazardous duty members is represented in the following table:

-	•		_		
	<u>Tier I</u>	Tier II	Tier IIA	Tier III	<u>Tier IV</u>
Eligibility - hire date	Prior to July 1, 1984	On or after July 1, 1984	On or after July 1, 1997	On or after July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2017
Final Average Earnings (FAE	Average Salary of 3 highest paid years of service	Average S highest paid y	•	-	Salary of 5 years of service
1	Plan B  2% of FAE x years of service up to age 65. Thereafter, 1% of FAE up to \$4,800 plus 2% of FAE in excess of \$4,800. At age 70, greater of 1.25% of FAE up to \$4,800 plus 2.5% of FAE in excess of \$4,800 x years of service or 1% of FAE up to \$4,800 plus 2% of FAE in excess of \$4,800 x years of service.	of breakpoint x 1.625% o	f FAE plus 0.433% of FAI years of service up to a m f FAE x years of service o	ax of 35 years plus	1.3% of FAE x years of service
	Plan C 2% of FAE x years of service. At age 70, greater of 2.5% of FAE x years of service (max 20 years) or 2% of FAE x years of service.				
Vesting	10 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service	10 years of service	10 years of service
Normal Retirement	Age 55 with 25 years Age 60 with 10 years Age 70 with 5 years	to July Age 62 wit Age 60 wit	etirement prior 1, 2022 h 10 years h 25 years th 5 years	Age 63 with 25 years Age 65 with 10 years	Age 63 with 25 years Age 65 with 10 years
		Age 65 wi	l <u>y 1, 2022</u> th 10 year h 25 years		
Early Retirement	Age 55 with 10 years	Age 55 with 10 years	Age 55 with 10 years	Age 58 with 10 years	Age 58 with 10 years
Member Contributions (prior to 7/1/17)	Plan B 2% of earnings up to social security wage base plus 5% of earnings above that level	None	2% of earnings	2% of earnings	n/a
	Plan C 5% of earnings				
Member Contributions (Effective 7/1/17 - 6/30/19)	Plan B 3.5% of earnings up to social security wage base plus 5% of earnings above that level	1.5% of earnings	3.5% of earnings	3.5% of earnings	* 5% of earnings
	Plan C 6.5% of earnings				
Member Contributions (Effective 7/1/19)	Plan B 4.0% of earnings up to social security wage base plus 5% of earnings above that level	2.0% of earnings	4.0% of earnings	4.0% of earnings	* 5% of earnings
	Plan C 7.0% of earnings				

\* In years where plan asset losses require further increases in contributions, Tier IV employees' contributions may increase by half the necessary increase in rates (up to 2%). All Tier IV employees must contribute 1% to the Defined Contribution (DC) portion of the Hybrid Plan and may elect additional contributions of up to 3% of salary to the DC portion.

The 2011 State Employees Bargaining Agent Coalition Agreement (Agreement) provides current Tier II and Tier IIA members who remain employed after July 1, 2022, the opportunity for a one-time irrevocable election to retain the normal retirement eligibility in place prior to the Agreement. The election would require an additional employee contribution based on their original eligible retirement date. Under the prior agreement, normal retirement eligibility was age 60 and 25 years of service or age 62 and 10 years of service. All plans provide for death and disability benefits.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the State are established and may be amended by the State legislature subject to the contractual rights established by collective bargaining. Individuals hired on or after July 1, 2011 otherwise eligible for the Alternative Retirement Plan (ARP) are eligible to become members of the Hybrid Plan in addition to their other existing choices. The Hybrid Plan has defined benefits identical to Tier II/IIA and Tier III for individuals hired on or after July 1, 2011, but requires employee contributions 3% higher than the contribution required from the applicable Tier II/IIA/III plan. The State is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate.

The Authority's contractually required contribution rates for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were 45.52% and 42.10%, respectively, of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Authority were \$6,474,089 and \$5,452,202 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Authority reported a liability of \$50,110,693 and \$64,880,119 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental units. The Authority's proportion was 0.22723% as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Authority recognized pension expense of (\$2,800,725). At December 31, 2022 the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$	5,339,391	\$	68,484
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,243,964		,
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,250,877		16,946,122
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	3,285,795	_	
	\$_	13,120,027	\$_	17,014,606

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, \$3,285,795 resulting from Authority contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	-	
2023	\$	(1,393,179)
2024		(2,008,071)
2025		(2,359,462)
2026		(1,048,026)
2027		(371,637)
	\$	(7,180,375)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined based on the annual actuarial valuation report prepared as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020. The key actuarial assumptions are summarized below:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% - 11.50% including inflation

Cost of living 1.95% - 3.25%

Investment rate of return 6.9%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Assumed rates of mortality were obtained from the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables projected generationally with scale MP-2020. These assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement.

### **Investment Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
		- 4.04
Domestic Equity Fund	20.0 %	5.4 %
Developed Markets International Stock Fund	11.0	6.4
Emerging Markets International Stock Fund	9.0	8.6
Core Fixed Income Fund	13.0	0.8
Emerging Market Debt Fund	5.0	3.8
High Yield Bond Fund	3.0	3.4
Real Estate Fund	19.0	5.2
Private Equity	10.0	9.4
Private Credit	5.0	6.5
Alternative Investments	3.0	3.1
Liquidity Fund	2.0	-0.4

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at June 30, 2022 was 6.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the participating governmental units will be made equal to the difference between the projected actuarially determined contribution and actual member contributions. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through the year 2125. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total plan liability and a municipal bond rate was not used in determining the discount rate.

## Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.9%, as well as the what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate.

	_	1% Decrease (5.90%)	. <u>-</u>	Discount Rate (6.90%)	_	1% Increase (7.90%)
Authority's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	61,148,137	\$	50,110,693	\$	40,911,564

## **Fiduciary Plan Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of Connecticut.

### NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

## **Plan Description**

The State provides postemployment healthcare and life insurance benefits in accordance with State statutes, Section 5-257(d) and 5-259(a), to all eligible employees who retire from the State, including employees of the Authority. The benefits are provided through the State of Connecticut State Employee OPEB Plan (the Plan), a cost sharing single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Connecticut. The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements, however, financial statements for the Plan are included as part of the State of Connecticut's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that is publicly available online at https://www.osc.ct.gov/reports/.

Under a cost-sharing plan, OPEB obligations for employees of all employers are pooled, and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing OPEB benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of their OPEB obligation to the plan.

### **Benefits Provided**

When employees retire, the State pays up to 100% of their healthcare insurance premium cost (including dependents' coverage), depending on the plan. The State currently pays up to 20% of the cost for retiree dental insurance (including dependents' coverage) depending on the plan. In addition, the State pays 100% of the premium cost for a portion of the employees' life insurance continued after retirement. The amount of life insurance, continued at no cost to the retiree, is determined based on the number of years of service that the retiree had with the State at the time of retirement as follows: (a) if the retiree had 25 years or more of service, the amount of insurance will be one-half of the amount of insurance for which the retiree was insured immediately prior to retirement, but the reduced amount cannot be less than \$10,000; (b) if the retiree had less than 25 years of service, the amount of insurance will be the proportionate amount that such years of service is to 25, rounded to the nearest \$100 of coverage. The State finances the cost of postemployment healthcare and life insurance benefits on a pay-as you-go basis through an appropriation in the State's General Fund.

### **Contributions**

In accordance with the Revised State Employees Bargaining Agent Coalition (SEBAC) 2011 Agreement between the State of Connecticut and SEBAC, all employees shall pay a 3% retiree healthcare insurance contribution for a period of 10 years or retirement, whichever is sooner. Participants of Tier I, Tier II and Tier IIA shall be required to have 10 years of actual state service to be eligible for retirement health insurance. Participants of Tier III and Tier IV shall be required to have 15 years of actual state service to be eligible for retirement health insurance. Deferred vested retirees who are eligible for retiree health insurance shall be required to meet the rule of 75, which is the combination of age and actual state service equaling 75 in order to begin receiving retiree health insurance based on applicable SEBAC agreement. Contributions made by the Authority in 2022 and 2021 totaled \$2,805,206 and \$2,781,565. Contributions made by employees in 2022 and 2021 totaled \$481,274 and \$471,155.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Authority reported a liability of \$51,272,846 and \$77,331,488 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Authority's actuarially required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to all other contributing employers. The Authority's proportion was 0.330831% as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of (\$380,410). At December 31, 2022 the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$	8,149,368	\$	26,893,141
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		477,666		
Changes in proportionate share and difference between amount contributed and proportionate share of contributions		4,321,915		9,472,365
Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date		1,423,829		
Difference between expected and actual experience in the total OPEB liability	_	829,271	_	1,295,403
	\$_	15,202,049	\$_	37,660,909

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$1,423,829 resulting from Authority contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the Authority's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2023	\$ (4,817,708)
2024	(5,627,344)
2025	(6,733,563)
2026	(5,778,083)
2027	 (925,991)
	\$ (23,882,689)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using key actuarial assumptions summarized as follows:

Payroll growth rate	3.00%
Salary increases	3.00% - 11.5% varying by years of service
Discount rate	3.90% as of June 30, 2022 2.31% as of June 30, 2021
Healthcare cost trend rates: Medical & Prescription drug	6.00% graded to 4.50% over 6 years
Dental Part B Administrative expense	3.00% 4.50% 3.00%

Assumed rates of mortality were obtained from the Pub-2010 Above Median Mortality Tables (Amount-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 improvement scale. These assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement.

### **Investment Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined by an actuarial analysis. The June 30, 2022 target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity Fund	20.0 %	5.4 %
Developed Markets International Stock Fund	11.0	6.4
Emerging Markets International Stock Fund	9.0	8.6
Core Fixed Income	13.0	0.8
Emerging Market Debt Fund	5.0	3.8
High Yield Bond Fund	3.0	3.4
Real Estate Fund	19.0	5.2
Private Equity	10.0	9.4
Private Credit	5.0	6.5
Alternative Investments	3.0	3.1
Liquidity Fund	2.0	-0.4

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate is a blend of the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Trust assets and a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (3.54% as of June 30, 2022 and 2.16% as of June 30, 2021). The final discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.90% as of June 30. 2022. The blending is based on the sufficiency of projected assets to make projected benefit payments.

## Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.90%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (2.90%)	- <u></u>	Discount Rate (3.90%)	_	1% Increase (4.90%)	
Authority's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	59,947,701	\$	51,272,846	\$	44,256,163	

## Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rates:

				Current			
				lealthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase		
Authority's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	43,281,952	\$	51,272,846	\$ 61,416,623		

#### **NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The Authority is a party to financial instruments with risk in connection with its commitments to provide financing that is not included on the statement of net position. These expose the Authority to credit risk in excess of the amount recognized on the statement of net position. The Authority's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the borrowers is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Authority uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for instruments that are included on the statement of net position. Total credit exposure is summarized below (in 000's):

	 2022	2021
Mortgage Loan Commitments:		
Home Mortgage Program Purchases	\$ 136,829 \$	63,742
Multifamily Development Loans	69,849	102,557
Reverse Annuity Mortgage	38	54
Emergency Mortgage Assistance (EMAP)	1,711	1,986
Time to Own (TTO)	 8,123	
	\$ 216,550 \$	168,339

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a borrower as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. The Authority evaluates each borrower's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained if deemed necessary by the Authority upon extension of credit is based on management's credit evaluation of the counterparty. Collateral held is primarily residential and multifamily properties. Interest rates on approved mortgage loan commitments are fixed.

CHFA has funds committed for initiatives other than mortgage loans.

CHFA is involved in certain litigation and disputes incidental to its operations. Because it is generally difficult to predict the outcome of lawsuits, CHFA cannot give any assurance as to the outcome of such litigation. Based on the information it presently possesses, however, it is management's judgment that such litigation will not have a material adverse impact upon the financial condition of the Authority.

The Authority offers mortgage insurance through the CHFA Insurance Fund. CHFA mortgage insurance is permitted on a case-by-case basis when FHA insurance and VA guarantees are not available and PMI insurance is either not available for the home or has been declined for a reason that would not prevent CHFA from issuing an insurance commitment. The CHFA Insurance Fund receives annual premiums from participating borrowers. The accumulation of these premiums is used to fund any claims. Premiums are collected until the LTV reaches certain thresholds at which such time the insurance coverage is terminated. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Authority had \$7,404,000 and \$11,722,000, respectively, of outstanding home mortgage loans that are insured under this program. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there were no claims paid from the CHFA Insurance Fund.

#### **NOTE 16 – GRANT PROGRAMS**

Pursuant to Public Act No. 05-228 (CIA), the Authority was receiving a 25% distribution of funds held in the State of Connecticut's land protection, affordable housing and historic preservation account for the purpose of supplementing new or existing affordable housing programs. Effective May 28, 2014, and pursuant to Public Act No. 14-45 passed on said date, distribution of these funds was redirected to the State of Connecticut's Department of Housing. The Authority is currently spending down the funds received in prior years.

The rights of certain property owners are protected in Connecticut foreclosure actions by § 8-265cc through 8-265kk of the Connecticut General Statutes known as the Emergency Mortgage Assistance Payment ("EMAP") Program. These provisions allow homeowners the opportunity to avoid foreclosure by enabling them to obtain financial assistance from the State, acting through the Authority. A qualified homeowner may obtain funds under this program to bring a delinquent mortgage current, and may also obtain assistance with subsequent mortgage payments to a maximum period of 60 months. With sufficient funds currently on hand, the Authority received no additional funding during 2021 and 2020, from the State of Connecticut to be used in support of the EMAP program pursuant to a memorandum of understanding between the Authority and the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management. Unspent funds are held by the Authority in escrow until expended on the program. Only when funds are spent are they recognized as program revenue and expenses. During 2011, the Authority issued \$20,000,000 in conduit debt under its Special Needs Indenture in support of the EMAP Program. Debt service on these bonds is paid by the State of Connecticut.

In response to the financial hardships resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, on July 13, 2020, the Governor signed Executive Order No. 7GGG and allowed the Authority to establish the Temporary Mortgage Assistance Program (TMAP); with the program funds being provided by the EMAP program. The TMAP program offered assistance to homeowners with the goal to prevent foreclosure actions. Assistance was subject to borrower eligibility and addressed mortgage payment delinquencies caused by financial hardship due to COVID-19. Being only temporary, the TMAP program expired on January 13, 2021.

In 2022 and 2021, the Authority received \$160,000 and \$0, respectively, in Comprehensive Counseling ("CC") grant funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; the purpose being to provide counseling and advice to tenants and homeowners to assist them in improving their housing conditions and fulfilling the responsibilities of tenancy or homeownership. The funds were made available through Section 106 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 and Section 4 of the Department of Housing and Urban Development Act as amended by Title XIV of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, the use of which is subject to the terms and conditions of the grant agreement.

The Qualified Energy Conservation Bond ("QECB") program was established under the Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 ("Act") and is governed by certain provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("Code"). Pursuant to the Act and Code, QECBs are qualified tax credit bonds where the U.S. Treasury subsidizes a portion of the bond interest payment equal to 70% of the tax credit bond rate. The interest subsidy due or received in 2022 and 2021 was \$204,000 and \$216,000, respectively.

The goal of ending chronic homelessness was set when the State of Connecticut's governor signed onto the "Zero:2016" initiative back in 2016. In furtherance of reaching this goal, the Authority committed to contributing \$5,000,000 over ten years to fund supportive housing rental subsidies. The funding is to be made first from State funds on hand resulting from CHFA's administration of the State's supportive housing program. Once the designated State funds are exhausted, Financing Adjustment Factor (FAF) funds obtained from an agreement between the Authority and U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) will be used to fund the balance of the subsidy. In 2022 and 2021, the Authority funded \$500,000 and \$0, respectively, towards this commitment. \$2.75 million remains committed to be spent on this program in future years.

During 2022 and 2021, the Authority received \$100,000 each year from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston from their Helping to House New England Program Grant funds. The grant funds were used to subsidize the reduction of the CHFA downpayment assistance loan interest rate to 1%. This enabled 91 first time homebuyers to lower their cost of homeownership over these two years.

In response to COVID-19 related financial hardships affecting tenants' ability to make their monthly housing rental payments, the State of Connecticut through the Department of Housing (DOH) created the Temporary Rental Housing Assistance Program (TRHAP). The Authority, working in conjunction with DOH, assisted with the administration of up to \$40,000,000 in funds established by the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act of 2020. Eligible tenants received a maximum amount of assistance of \$4,000 per household to be used to pay housing rental payment arrearages. The State of Connecticut contributed \$2,200,000 to CHFA to be expended in connection with the administration and implementation of the TRHAP program. \$0 and \$1,416,000 of these grant funds were spent through December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. The Authority's participation in the TRHAP program ended in 2021.

During 2020, the Authority received a \$500,000 grant from Wells Fargo to further fund and support the TRHAP program. Grant funds were used to expedite the temporary rental assistance application process to distribute CARES Act funds to tenants in need; the goal being to prevent housing insecurity and its corresponding ramifications. The remainder of the grant funds were spent in 2021.

Section 3206 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, authorized the U.S. Department of the Treasury to help mitigate financial hardships associated with the coronavirus pandemic by providing funds to eligible entities under the Homeowner Assistance Fund Program (HAF). Program funds were used to assist qualified applicants with payment of delinquent mortgage payments including principal, interest, taxes and other costs the loan servicers incurred to bring the loan current. The Authority received \$12,314,000 in HAF funds during 2021, of which \$4,940,000 was spent towards this effort through December 31, 2021. In 2022, \$110,823,000 in additional grant funds were received. \$25,179,000 was spent towards this effort during 2022. Under current guidelines, the program will run through September 30, 2026 or until funds are exhausted.

Housing Stability Counseling Program (HSCP) funds were made available through the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 to help communities recover from the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. NeighborWorks America, a public, Congressionally-chartered nonprofit organization was in direct receipt of this federal appropriation. CHFA was subsequently awarded grant funds from NeighborWorks. The purpose of the grant is to support the Authority in the delivery of housing counseling services to homeowners facing housing instability such as loss of income that caused or could cause default, foreclosure or homelessness. \$428,000 in grant funds were spent during 2022. Remaining grant funds are to be expended by no later than February 28, 2024.

During 2021, the Authority created an Opportunity Fund (OF), using a portion of CHFA's excess revenues from its bond program. The Opportunity Fund supports programs and mission driven initiatives that are in need of additional financing in order to move forward. During 2021, the Authority contributed \$50,000 from the OF in support of the Housing and Community Development Leadership Institute established to train community development professionals in the fields of housing and community development, in order to develop leadership and production skills in these areas. \$50,000 in additional funds are committed to be spent in support of this program in the future.

The United States Treasury's Community Development Financial Institutions Fund created the Capital Magnet Fund Program (CMF Program) in order to spur investment in affordable housing and related economic development efforts to revitalize neighborhoods across the country by serving low-income families and communities. In 2021, the Authority was awarded a \$3,000,000 grant from the CMF Program. CHFA contributed \$3,000,000 in matching funds. The \$6,000,000 in total funds were used to form an Affordable Housing Fund. Affordable Housing Program funds are to be used to support the creation of deeply affordable housing units in the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program.

One of the significant obstacles to homeownership is a potential homebuyer's inability to cover the down payment and closing costs required to purchase a home. To address this obstacle, in December 2021, the Connecticut State Bond Commission allocated \$20,000,000 to create a First Time Homebuyers Assistance Program ("Program") to the Connecticut Department of Housing which in turn requested the Authority to administer and implement the Program. The Program was named "Time to Own" and provides downpayment assistance to eligible applicants. The Program will provide assistance of up to 25% of the cost of a home, up to a maximum of \$50,000. Program loans are non-amortizing (deferred), with a 10-year term and a 0% interest rate. 10% of the loan balance is forgiven on each anniversary of the loan closing until fully forgiven.

Activity under these programs for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is summarized below (in 000's):

	_	2022 Program Funding	_	2022 Program Expenses	_	Net
PA 05-228	\$		\$	112	\$	(112)
EMAP		246		246		
CC		160		160		
QECB		204		204		
ZERO 16				500		(500)
FHLB-DAP		100				100
HAF		25,179		25,179		
HSCP		428		428		
TIME TO OWN	_	18,744	_	18,744		
	\$ <u></u>	45,061	\$_	45,573	\$	(512)

	_	2021 Program Funding		2021 Program Expenses	_	Net
PA 05-228	\$		\$	606	\$	(606)
EMAP/TMAP		221		221		, ,
QECB		216		216		
FHLB-DAP		100				100
TRHAP-DOH		1,416		1,416		
TRHAP-WF		246		246		
HAF		4,940		4,940		
OF				50		(50)
CMF	_	3,000			· <u>-</u>	3,000
	\$_	10,139	\$_	7,695	\$_	2,444

#### **NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Authority is subject to normal risks associated with its operations including property damage, personal injury and employee dishonesty. All risks are managed through the purchase of commercial insurance. There are no pending claims against the Authority as of December 31, 2022. There have been no losses exceeding insurance coverage, and there have been no decreases in insurance coverage over the last three years.

#### **NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On January 1, 2023 and February 17, 2023, the Authority redeemed \$18,360,000 and \$7,215,000, respectively, of various series of outstanding bonds held under the Bond Resolution.

On March 23, 2023, the Authority issued 2023 Series A bonds in the amount of \$171,715,000 under the Bond Resolution. The bond proceeds were used to refund \$120,425,000 revolving lines of credits from US Bank National Association and Wells Fargo Bank National Association and to fund the purchase of single family whole loans and mortgage backed securities.

On December 8, 2022 the State of Connecticut Bond Commission approved additional funding totaling \$20,000,000 to recapitalize the Time to Own Program due to high demand. On February 16, 2023, the Authority received the allocation from the State.

On January 26, 2023, the U.S. Federal Reserve System published the final rule to implement the Adjustable Interest Rate (LIBOR) Act. The final rule becomes effective on February 27, 2023 and establishes benchmark replacements for contracts that reference certain tenors of LIBOR and that do not have terms that provide for the use of a clearly defined replacement benchmark rate following June 30, 2023 (LIBOR cessation date). The Act will dictate the rate calculations on the five bonds outstanding in the Authority's portfolio that contain LIBOR as the reference rate. The replacement LIBOR rate will be CME Term SOFR based on comparable tenor plus a spread adjustment.

## CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY CONNECTICUT STATE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) LAST NINE YEARS\*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.22723%	0.30512%	0.29711%	0.33545%	0.31308%	0.31830%	0.30322%	0.39732%	0.34574%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 50,110,693	\$ 64,880,119	\$ 70,480,100	\$ 76,523,904	\$ 67,896,479	\$ 67,069,565	\$ 69,628,178	\$ 65,653,502	\$ 55,368,069
Covered payroll	\$ 14,222,906	\$ 12,950,455	\$ 13,160,654	\$ 13,226,621	\$ 13,256,124	\$ 13,305,309	\$ 12,735,488	\$ 12,402,952	\$ 11,599,923
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	352.32%	500.99%	535.54%	578.56%	512.19%	504.08%	546.73%	529.34%	477.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as of percentage of total pension liability	45.76%	44.55%	35.84%	36.79%	36.62%	36.25%	31.69%	39.23%	39.54%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS CONNECTICUT STATE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) LAST NINE YEARS\*

	_	2022	_	2021	. <u> </u>	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	6,474,089	\$	5,452,202	\$	4,802,267 \$	5,294,507 \$	4,517,904 \$	4,909,189 \$	4,553,783 \$	5,449,857 \$	4,387,091
Amount contributed in relation to contractually required contribution	_	6,474,089	_	5,452,202	. <u>-</u>	4,802,267	5,294,507	4,517,904	4,909,189	4,553,783	5,449,857	4,387,091
Contribution deficiency	\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$ <u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Covered payroll	\$	14,222,906	\$	12,950,455	\$	13,160,654 \$	13,226,621 \$	13,256,124 \$	13,305,309 \$	12,735,488 \$	12,402,952 \$	11,599,923
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		45.52%		42.10%		36.49%	40.03%	34.08%	36.90%	35.76%	43.94%	37.82%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Notes to Schedule

Changes in assumptions:

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Investment rate of return (net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation)	6.90%	6.90%	6.90%	6.90%	6.90%	6.90%	6.90%	8.00%	8.00%
Salary increases	3.00% - 11.5%	3.00% - 11.5%	3.50% - 19.5%	3.50% - 19.5%	3.50% - 19.5%	3.50% - 19.5%	3.50% - 19.5%	4.00% - 20.0%	4.00% - 20.0%
Cost of living adjustments	1.95% - 3.25%	1.95% - 3.25%	1.95% - 3.25%	1.95% - 3.25%	1.95% - 3.25%	1.95% - 3.25%	2.25% - 3.25%	2.30% - 3.60%	2.30% - 3.60%
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.75%	2.75%

## CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST SEVEN YEARS\*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.330831%	0.320431%	0.349907%	0.418651%	0.365767%	0.390046%	0.380742%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 51,272,846	\$ 77,331,488	\$ 82,371,279	\$ 78,547,288	\$ 63,147,471	\$ 67,722,049	\$ 65,649,161
Covered payroll	\$ 14,222,906	\$ 12,950,455	\$ 13,160,654	\$ 13,226,621	\$ 13,256,124	\$ 13,305,309	\$ 12,735,488
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	360.49%	597.13%	625.89%	593.86%	476.36%	508.99%	515.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as of percentage of total OPEB liability	12.63%	8.35%	6.13%	5.99%	4.69%	3.03%	1.94%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN LAST SEVEN YEARS\*

	 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,805,206 \$	2,781,565 \$	3,034,471 \$	3,152,196	\$ 2,933,060	\$ 2,603,17	3 \$	2,317,169
Amount contributed in relation to contractually required contribution	 2,805,206	2,781,565	3,034,471	3,152,196	2,933,060	2,603,17	3	2,317,169
Contribution deficiency	\$ \$	<u>-</u> \$_	\$	<u> </u>	\$	\$	- \$_	-
Covered payroll	\$ 14,222,906 \$	12,950,455 \$	13,160,654 \$	13,226,621	\$ 13,256,124	\$ 13,305,30	9 \$	12,735,488
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	19.72%	21.48%	23.06%	23.83%	22.13%	19.56	%	18.19%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Notes to Schedule

Changes in assumptions:

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Payroll growth rate	3.00%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.75%
Salary increases	3.00% - 11.5%	3.25% - 19.5%	3.25% - 19.5%	3.25% - 19.5%	3.25% - 19.5%	3.25% - 19.5%	3.25% - 19.5%
Discount rate	3.90%	2.31%	2.38%	3.58%	3.95%	3.68%	3.74%
Health care cost trend rates:							
Medical	6.0% graded to 4.5% over 6 years	6.0% graded to 4.5% over 6 years	6.0% graded to 4.5% over 6 years	6.5% graded to 4.5% over 4 years	6.5% graded to 4.5% over 4 years	6.5% graded to 4.5% over 4 years	5.00%
Prescription drug	6.0% graded to 4.5% over 6 years	6.0% graded to 4.5% over 6 years	6.0% graded to 4.5% over 6 years	8.0% graded to 4.5% over 7 years	8.0% graded to 4.5% over 7 years	8.0% graded to 4.5% over 7 years	10.0% graded to 5.0% over 5 years
Dental and Part B Administrative expense	3.0% / 4.5% 3.00%	3.0% / 4.5% 3.00%	3.0% / 4.5% 3.00%	4.50% 3.00%	4.50% 3.00%	4.50% 3.00%	5.00% \$250 per participar

						Component		
	General & Capital Reserve Funds	Housing Mortgage Insurance Fund	Multifamily Special Obligation Bond and Other Bond Funds	Special Needs Housing Funds	Qualified Energy Conservation Bond Fund	Units  Multifamily Real Estate Owned	Eliminations	Combined Total
Assets								
Restricted current assets:					•			4.054
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,047 \$	\$		4		)	\$ \$	1,051
Mortgage loans receivable	115,953		741	4,921	435			122,050
Investments in securities	1,376,836	3,733	7,773	73,243	1,070	1,241		1,463,896
Real estate owned - multifamily						2,300		2,300
Accrued interest receivable on:	40.052		100	202	10			40.554
Mortgage loans	10,053	4.4	188	303	10	-		10,554
Securities	10,243	14	28	275		5	(2.440)	10,565
Due from other funds/component units	2,418			770	400	004	(2,418)	50.054
Accounts receivable and other assets	55,178			772	100	804	(0.110)	56,854
Total current assets	1,571,728	3,747	8,730	79,518	1,615	4,350	(2,418)	1,667,270
Restricted noncurrent assets:								
Mortgage loans receivable, net of current portion	2,272,349		46,579	58,341	6,723			2,383,992
Investments in securities, net of current portion	1,973,000		40,379	1,035	0,723			1,974,035
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps	25,707			1,033				25,707
Capital assets, net of depreciation	4,605							4,605
Real estate owned - single family								
• ,	2,274		40.570	50.070	0.700			2,274
Total noncurrent assets	4,277,935		46,579	59,376	6,723			4,390,613
Total assets	5,849,663	3,747	55,309	138,894	8,338	4,350	(2,418)	6,057,883
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Unamortized deferral on bond refundings	61,847							61,847
Deferred amount for OPEB	15,202							15,202
Deferred amount for pensions	13,120							13,120
Total deferred outflows of resources	90,169							90,169
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Escrow deposits and unearned revenue	97,774		902	5,718	583			104,977
Due to other funds/component units	,		118	-,		2,300	(2,418)	,
Accrued interest payable	17,638		44	88	31	_,	(=, )	17,801
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,390		11	844	-	139		7,384
Line of credit payable	180,425		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0				180,425
Bonds payable	385,375		852	3,010	468			389,705
Total current liabilities	687,602		1,927	9,660	1,082	2,439	(2,418)	700,292
, otal carroin maximos	001,002			0,000	1,002	2,100	(2,110)	7 00,202
Noncurrent liabilities								
Escrow deposits and unearned revenue, net								
of current portion	162,923		3,091	33,332				199,346
Bonds payable, net of current portion	4,098,025		46,879	58,995	6,646			4,210,545
Net OPEB liability	51,273							51,273
Net pension liability  Total noncurrent liabilities	50,111 4,362,332		49,970	92,327	6,646			50,111 4,511,275
Total Horiculterit Habilities	4,302,332		43,310	32,321	0,040			4,511,275
Total liabilities	5,049,934		51,897	101,987	7,728	2,439	(2,418)	5,211,567
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred amount for OPEB	37,661							37,661
Deferred amount for pensions	17,015							17,015
Derivative financial Instruments	171,493							171,493
Total deferred inflows of resources	226,169							226,169
Net Position								
	4.005							4.005
Net investment in capital assets	4,605							4,605
Restricted by bond indentures and/or enabling legislation	659,124	3,747	3,412	36,907	610	1,911		705,711
Total Net Position	\$ 663,729 \$	3,747	3,412 \$	36,907	\$ <u>610</u> \$	1,911	\$\$	710,316

CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021 (in 000's)

			Single	Other Funds			Component Units		
Assets	General & Capital Reserve Funds	Housing Mortgage Insurance Fund	Family Special Obligation Bond and Other Bond Funds	Multifamily Special Obligation Bond and Other Bond Funds	Special Needs Housing Funds	Qualified Energy Conservation Bond Fund	Multifamily Real Estate Owned	Eliminations	Combined Total
Restricted current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 285 \$	5	\$	\$\$		\$	5	\$	285
Mortgage loans receivable	177,902			707	4,466	428			183,503
Investments in securities	1,069,633	3,670		7,438	66,316	1,080	830 2,300		1,148,967
Real estate owned - multifamily  Accrued interest receivable on:							2,300		2,300
Mortgage loans	11,969			191	350	17			12,527
Securities	4,965			1	12	.,			4,978
Due from other funds/component units	2,415			•				(2,415)	1,070
Accounts receivable and other assets	34,932				765		560	( , - ,	36,257
Total current assets	1,302,101	3,670		8,337	71,909	1,525	3,690	(2,415)	1,388,817
Restricted noncurrent assets:									
Mortgage loans receivable, net of current portion	2,299,162			47,320	61,451	7,170			2,415,103
Investments in securities, net of current portion	2,335,213				1,274				2,336,487
Capital assets, net of depreciation	3,309								3,309
Real estate owned - single family	2,293								2,293
Total noncurrent assets	4,639,977			47,320	62,725	7,170			4,757,192
Total assets	5,942,078	3,670		55,657	134,634	8,695	3,690	(2,415)	6,146,009
Deferred Outflows of Beautific									
Deferred Outflows of Resources Unamortized deferral on bond refundings	71,070								71,070
Deferred amount for OPEB	17,533								17,533
Deferred amount for pensions	11,127								11,127
Total deferred outflows of resources	99,730								99,730
						-			
Liabilities									
Current liabilities:									
Escrow deposits and unearned revenue	42,379			904	4,733	583			48,599
Due to other funds/component units				115			2,300	(2,415)	
Accrued interest payable	14,733			45	90	33			14,901
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,924				766		108		6,798
Line of credit payable	144,065								144,065
Bonds payable	493,400			826	2,915	452		(0.445)	497,593
Total current liabilities	700,501			1,890	8,504	1,068	2,408	(2,415)	711,956
Noncurrent liabilities									
Escrow deposits and unearned revenue, net	120 201			2 997	22.406				155 674
of current portion  Bonds payable, net of current portion	120,381 3,934,260			2,887 47,677	32,406 62,005	7,114			155,674 4,051,056
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps	118,936			47,077	02,003	7,114			118,936
Net OPEB liability	77,331								77,331
Net pension liability	64,880								64,880
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,315,788			50,564	94,411	7,114			4,467,877
Total liabilities	5,016,289			52,454	102,915	8,182	2,408	(2,415)	5,179,833
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred amount for OPEB	17,002								17,002
Deferred amount for pensions	9,794								9,794
Derivative financial Instruments	26,850								26,850
Total deferred inflows of resources	53,646								53,646
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	3,309								3,309
Restricted by bond indentures and/or									
enabling legislation	968,564	3,670		3,203	31,719	513	1,282		1,008,951
Total Net Position	\$ 971,873	3,670	\$	\$\$	31,719	\$513_\$	1,282	\$\$	1,012,260

# CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (in 000's)

				Other I	Component Units				
		General & Capital Reserve Funds	Housing Mortgage Insurance Fund	Multifamily Special Obligation Bond and Other Bond Funds	Special Needs Housing Funds	Qualified Energy Conservation Bond Fund	Multifamily Real Estate Owned	Eliminations	Combined Total
Operating Revenues									
Interest on mortgage loans	\$	109,582		2,218	3,650	202		\$	115,652
Interest on investments		79,778	64	83	730		16	(1,371)	79,300
Fees and other income		12,531	13				613	, ,	13,157
Total operating revenues		201,891	77	2,301	4,380	202	629	(1,371)	208,109
Operating Expenses									
Interest		120,974		1,903	1,997	105		(1,371)	123,608
Bond issuance costs		6,308							6,308
Servicer fees		12,144							12,144
Administrative		35,800							35,800
Provision for loss reserves		1,140				. <u></u>			1,140
Total operating expenses	•	176,366		1,903	1,997	105		(1,371)	179,000
Operating Income		25,525	77	398	2,383	97	629		29,109
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)									
Actuarial assumption changes pension and OPEB		12,611							12,611
Net decrease in the fair value of investments		(342,952)			(200)				(343,152)
State and federal program funding		44,611			246	204			45,061
State and federal program expenses		(45,123)			(246)	(204)			(45,573)
Nonoperating loss		(330,853)			(200)	·			(331,053)
Income (Loss) before Transfers		(305,328)	77	398	2,183	97	629		(301,944)
Operating Transfers In (Out)		(2,816)		(189)	3,005				
Change in Net Position		(308,144)	77	209	5,188	97	629		(301,944)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		971,873	3,670	3,203	31,719	513	1,282		1,012,260
Net Position - End of Year	\$	663,729 \$	3,747	\$ 3,412 \$	36,907	\$ 610	1,911	\$\$	710,316

CONNECTICUT HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
(in 000's)

					Other Funds			Component Units		
	-	General & Capital Reserve Funds	Housing Mortgage Insurance Fund	Single Family Special Obligation Bond and Other Bond Funds	Multifamily Special Obligation Bond and Other Bond Funds	Special Needs Housing Funds	Qualified Energy Conservation Bond Fund	Multifamily Real Estate Owned	Eliminations	Combined Total
Operating Revenues										
Interest on mortgage loans	\$	116,339		156	2,251	3,949	211		\$	122,906
Interest on investments		64,477	4	7	4	91		1	(1,874)	62,710
Fees and other income	_	18,241	31			151		113		18,536
Total operating revenues	-	199,057	35	163	2,255	4,191	211	114	(1,874)	204,152
Operating Expenses										
Interest		125,759		694	1,924	1,855	110		(1,874)	128,468
Bond issuance costs		7,458				659				8,117
Servicer fees		7,838		22						7,860
Administrative		35,752		41						35,793
Reduction to loss reserves	_	(16,150)								(16,150)
Total operating expenses	-	160,657		757	1,924	2,514	110		(1,874)	164,088
Operating Income (Loss)	_	38,400	35	(594)	331	1,677	101	114		40,064
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)										
Actuarial assumption changes pension and OPEB		446								446
Net decrease in the fair value of investments		(73,825)		(704)		(74)				(74,603)
State and federal program funding		10,139								10,139
State and federal program expenses	_	(7,695)								(7,695)
Nonoperating income (loss)	-	(70,935)		(704)	-	(74)				(71,713)
Income (Loss) before Transfers		(32,535)	35	(1,298)	331	1,603	101	114		(31,649)
Operating Transfers In (Out)	_	(109)		(3,018)	(192)	3,319				
Change in Net Position		(32,644)	35	(4,316)	139	4,922	101	114		(31,649)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	1,004,517	3,635	4,316	3,064	26,797	412	1,168		1,043,909
Net Position - End of Year	\$_	971,873	3,670	<b></b>	\$ 3,203 \$	31,719	\$513_\$	1,282	\$\$	1,012,260

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